THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. GALLAWAY & Co. MEMPHIS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1868. (Volume Eleven—Number 130

THE MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

—

DAILY AND WEEKLY FOR 1868

PRICE REDUCED!

FROM JUNE 1st, 1868.

WE are the political and personal foe of the party or the man who advocates the doctrine of negro supremacy or negro equality. The carpet-bag adventurers who, by controlling the negro vote hope to get into office, and by usurpation, by partial legislation and by force intend to perpetuate their power, we will, as heretofore, denounce as enemies of the white race, to be despised and excluded from all political and social intercourse. We are for a white man's government, to be controlled by white men, and by no others. General GRANT will be the candidate of the Radical party for President, pledged to the support of negro equality in the North and negro supremacy in the Southern States, and pledged to the doctrine of high protective tariffs, and redemption of the bonds of the United States in gold.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Daily, one copy, each month	$ 1 00
" " per year	10 00
Weekly, per year	2 00
Five copies per year	10 00
Ten " "	20 00

One extra copy sent to any one who sends us a club of five or more.

All clubs must subscribe for the same length of time.

Specimen copies sent free.

The WEEKLY AVALANCHE is not inferior in size, appearance or variety of news and editorial matter to any Weekly in the South. The exciting events of the coming Presidential canvass, the villainy of Radical tyrants, and the acts of scalawags will be carefully recorded. Each number will contain a complete history of the preceding week. We have special correspondents in all directions, and our facilities for making a first-class newspaper are unsurpassed.

Having reduced the rate of subscription from Four to Two Dollars, it will enable every one to read the WEEKLY AVALANCHE.

We ask the people of the South to give us such encouragement as their circumstances will permit, and we will continue to put forth our best efforts to stay the floods of political corruption, to hold up to scorn and contempt carpet-baggers, scalawag adventurers and the usurpations and villainy of Radicalism.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.,
Avalanche Building,
Memphis, Tennessee.

JAMES A. CAMERON & CO.,

INVENTORS' EXCHANGE

—AND—

EMIGRATION AGENCY

Avalanche Building,

22 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

N. B.—For all business with "INVENTORS' EXCHANGE," address as above, or add "see J. A. CAMERON & CO. For all business with "EMIGRATION AGENCY," see or address W. B. DONAHO.

INVENTORS' EXCHANGE,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, June 1, 1868.

WE propose, through this Agency, a most extensive introduction of recent INVENTIONS and IMPROVEMENTS, so as to vastly increase the quantity of SIMPLICITY, CHEAPNESS and EFFICIENCY of our ready-made implements, now in use throughout the country, and thereby revise the present and altered REQUIREMENTS and MEANS of our customers, and so promote the greatest economy of TIME, LABOR and MONEY by the NOBLE HUSBANDMAN, the GARDNER, the ORCHARD-KEEPER, the BLACKSMITH, the PLANTER, the MECHANIC and the last, the FARMER, the FLAX-GROWER, the MECHANIC and LAUNDRESS. We desire to bring together the inventors and their improvements, and those who may desire to avail themselves of their advantages by Sale, Agency or Gift, of the Articles and Rights. Shall endeavor in the exercise of our judgment in giving advice and counsel to such articles as please real merit for their MOST GENERAL AND PRACTICAL UTILITY.

Patents Obtained at Washington

And the same disposed by Sale, Agency or otherwise on most favorable terms.

N. B.—All business with INVENTORS' EXCHANGE, see or address

JAS. A. CAMERON & CO.,

jy6 Avalanche Building, Memphis, Tenn.

THE FINLEY CHURN DASHER

FROM

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,

"Inventors' Exchange,"

Avalanche Building, Memphis, Tennessee.

WITH AGENCIES and Headquarters for GEORGIA at RICHARDSON & SANFORD'S, Wholesale Hotel, Atlanta, Georgia.

By the Package only, and by Counties and States.

Retail price every where, $2 00 invariably in advance.

Small capital—industry—sec.—comfortable profits. Ready sale—no competition—a perfect necessity. Thousands using it—thousands more yet must have it.

"A Fortune" We have but little space for them—you still have it. A matter of indifference whether it be the Four Dollar or last—spoil your dinner—kill the cook with "old Rip"—dear—pack and a half of corn in one end of the bag and a mill stone in "t'other."

With to the subject once more—"FINLEY CHURN DASHER."

jy6

Colonel Carey W. Styles and Mrs. James H. Anderson, have bought out the Atlanta (Georgia) *Southern Opinion*.

Napoleon is thinking about putting a railroad bridge across the English Channel. An engineer named Boutel has devised the thing.

The new cotton factory at Indianapolis is now completed, and a new woolen factory, to cost $125,000, is about to be established there.

Ira Penfield, of Stepney, Connecticut, has a child seven months old who can talk so as to be distinctly understood.

The public debt statement for May is not yet made. It is understood there has been no reduction of the debt during the past month.

A young lady fainted in a New York theater the other night. She was revived by throwing water in her face, and her first words were, "O, my new bonnet!"

In Middletown, Connecticut, a young man who only took half an ounce of turpentine was relieved of a tape worm two hundred feet long.

A Southampton county, Virginia, man has sold the strawberry produce of ten acres, in advance, for $10,000, the buyer furnishing the boxes.

The *Union and Dispatch* says a Johnsonville man was stung in the temple by a locust a few days since, and his life was saved with much difficulty.

The total annual circulation of newspapers in the United States is now estimated to be 1,500,000,000. In Great Britain it is 500,000,000—just one-third that of the United States.

James Edwards and Abe Cox quarreled near Kingston, Tennessee, the other day, when Cox split Edwards' head open with an ax. The murderer escaped.

Oren M. Beach, President of the defunct Farmers' and Citizens' Bank of Brooklyn, has been arrested, charged with embezzlement to the amount of $6,500. He plead not guilty, and gave bail of $10,000.

Pennsylvanians in Washington have declared Hancock can carry that State by fifty thousand, and New Yorkers put down their State for him by one hundred thousand majority.

A Russian tutor recently killed the whole family where he was engaged. He beat out his pupils' brains, shot the father and mother, and finished by killing the cook, the footman and the housekeeper.

The New York Chamber of Commerce has adopted the resolutions of the Louisville Board of Trade favoring a reduction of the tax on whisky to fifty cents per gallon and reduction of the tobacco tax.

The Jefferson (Texas) *Jimplecute* of the 29th says: "Mrs. J. C. Preston, of this city, sent us yesterday some full grown corn from her garden, and the beauty of it was they were already nicely boiled. We feasted, we did! The grains were fully grown and developed."

The Lebanon (Tenn.) *Herald and Register* says that the storm, Monday night week, did considerable damage to the trees and fences in that vicinity. We learn also that it completely demolished a church at Chestnut Mound, not leaving a vestige of it standing, and twisted the largest trees off like pipe stems.

The suit instituted by order of Andrew Johnson when Military Governor of the State, against the members of the Legislature of 1861, who voted to remove South the assets of the Bank of Tennessee, will come up in the Circuit Court of Shelbyville in a few days. The amount involved is over one million dollars.

Latest from Washington.

Special to the Louisville Courier.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Was *ad interim* Thomas used as a cat's paw in the Johnson-Stanton imbroglio? Undoubtedly he thinks so. He had anticipated resuming his duties as Adjutant General, but when he applied to Schofield, the war minister said, "Wait awhile, General," and it is his own belief that he will wait a long while. Grant strongly opposed his return to his old place, and Schofield is Grant's friend. Perhaps Johnson may issue a peremptory order for Thomas to be reinstated, but he may not.

Butler expresses the determination, if Woolley does not purge himself of contempt before the adjournment next month, to have the House pass a resolution ordering his confinement until next session.

Pressure is brought to bear on Johnson for Cabinet changes, especially for the removal of McCulloch, but he urges many reasons against it. Its impropriety is the principal one, as the Senate may not confirm the appointments.

The President has intimated his intention of sending in the nomination of Reverdy Johnson as Minister to England within a day or two, possibly to-morrow. He will be unanimously confirmed.

The Committee on Appropriations of the House will report this week in favor of an appropriation for the purchase of Alaska.

There are vague hints of the issuance of a proclamation of general amnesty.

The McCoole and Coburn Stakes—Opinion of the Stakeholder, etc.

It is well known that the editor of the New York *Clipper* holds the stake money of the McCoole and Coburn "wind" mill, and as a demand has been made for the funds by the McCoole party, the extract from the *Clipper* may not be uninteresting, as, in a measure, it foreshadows the action of the stakeholder regarding the battle money in his hands. After reviewing the events attending the meeting, it says:

The match, therefore, remains in abeyance, and although it is said that McCoole claimed the stakes in the ring, we have heard of nothing direct from either party. Unless either can prove, beyond cavil, that his opponent was instrumental in his own or his adversary's arrest for the purpose of preventing a meeting, neither man has any ground upon which he can make claim for the stake; and unless there is a mutual agreement neither can draw his money. Unless some mutual arrangement can be made to draw the stakes, we would suggest that a meeting of the principals and their backers be held here, at once, at which McCoole and Coburn are released, and thereby come to a determination as to future proceedings. A party—whether by gathering or not, we cannot state—called upon us a day or two ago, and stated that "Coburn was willing to leave the stakes remain, increase the amount $1,000 to $5,000 a side, and fight upon neutral ground, Canada, or elsewhere." There is sufficient money at stake already. If a meeting cannot be brought about for ten thousand dollars, there is low probability of the match being brought to a satisfactory conclusion when the stakes are greater. If Coburn means fighting, the stakes in hand are all sufficient to reward him should he prove a winner.

MEMPHIS TO WASHINGTON.

Interesting Sketch of a Railway Trip Through Portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Tennessee and Virginia.

WASHINGTON, June 5, 1868.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: It may interest many of the readers of the AVALANCHE to present to them a succinct account of a journey from Memphis to this city of intrigue, sin and shame. On my way to this city I selected as the most commodious and expeditious route the Memphis and Charleston and East Tennessee and Virginia railroads, and as the greater part of the journey was made in daylight I had a good opportunity of observing the general appearance of the country on both sides of the line, and with the exception of that portion lying between Collierville and LaGrange, the aspect was cheering, and betokened a most abundant reward for the toils of the patient husbandman. The first gentleman with whom I conversed was the high minded and social lord of Collierville, Colonel James Shelby, who has the most advanced opinions as to the best and most advantageous course the farmers of Tennessee and the Southern States generally should pursue, in the management of their farms, so as to realize remunerative returns for the time and labor expended in the production of the various staples. He condemned the *expansive* system which seemed to be in general practice, and was of opinion that better crops could be raised if one-third of the land was turned over and devoted to pasturage for such stock as would thrive best in that particular latitude, than is now raised upon the half cultivated expanse which meets the eye in every direction within a very short distance of Memphis, and in the neighborhood of many of the stopping places between there and Iuka, Mississippi.

The scarcity of stock in many localities was an index to the observing wayfarer that the ravages of the recent desurying legions had not yet been obliterated, and it recurred to my mind that it would require years of incessant labor, and the most rigid economy, to supply the havoc which the hand of the destroyer had so ruthlessly made throughout the domains of the once proud and luxurious borders of the contiguous States, Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama. The system of culture advocated by Colonel Shelby is the same as the English system, and is undoubtedly the mode of procedure for the Southern farmer in the future, if he is desirous of securing himself against probable loss. Means should also be taken to provide for an effective method of irrigation in seasons of more than ordinary drought; and if such a system were generally adopted by men who have farms in hilly localities, it would prove a most profitable auxiliary to the certainty of success, as it would enable them to raise large quantities of green crops, which are so essential to the successful stalling of cattle. The use of artificial means of irrigation is an old system much in vogue in the eastern portions of the old world, and what a semi-barbarous people can use to profitable advantage ought not to be overlooked by a people so skilled in all the sciences and mechanics as the Southern people, during the late conflict, proved themselves to be.

From Chattanooga to Knoxville the scenery was delightful, but the majority of the farms seemed poor, the dwelling houses showing conclusively that the inhabitants were anything but an aristocratic people, and I would recommend that all those who are desirous of living *out of style* should move their effects as speedily as possible to this portion of the State, where they can enjoy the luxury of *wearing out* seven year old sunbonnets, frocks, skirts, and, in fact, as far down among the nether garment stock of antiquities as they may choose to go, and I assure them they will not require to waste their blushes through encountering ridiculous criticisms upon the *mode*.

Another remarkable feature which strikes the eye of the traveler upon turning his back upon the luxuriant *parterres* of Mississippi and Alabama, is the marked difference which prevails in the features of the ladies, more particularly those of the poorer or farming class proper. The soft, voluptuous, oval-faced beauty of Alabama presents a most agreeable and striking contrast when compared with the light haired, angular-visaged damsel of the hills, and the similitude of beauty can only be drawn as it between a Peri and an Ogre. Alabama and Mississippi being the homes of the *Peri*, East Tennessee the Ogre. An exception must be drawn in favor of Knoxvillee, however, where I saw handsome ladies with babies to match.

Speaking of Knoxville, I cannot allow this opportunity to pass without paying a tribute to the excellence and worth of its Democratic standard-bearer, the handsome veteran of the *Press and Herald*, as also to his gentlemanly associate. Mr. Fleming has been made to groan on many a stumping platform by the acrimonious manner in which that explosive gall-bladder, the most irreverent Governor W. G. Brownlow, assailed him for his manly advocacy of Southern rights during the late five years' slaughter. Mr. F. has played his part so well that Brownlow, in self-defense, has been compelled to make preparations for issuing his *Whig* daily instead of weekly, as at present. While in that city I had the pleasure of an introduction to Professor Dickinson, of Philadelphia, who had just made that place his headquarters for the purpose of developing the mineral resources of the surrounding country. He is known to many of the most learned gentlemen of the South as the oldest and most active of living American geologists, since the decease of Dr. Lillieman. Mr. Dickinson intends to introduce the beautifully variegated marbles of East Tennessee to the more general notice of the artistic and the scientific world, and at the outbreak of the war had spent an immense fortune for that object, but was compelled to desist on account of the occupation of his scientific domain by hostile armies. He intends lecturing in Memphis during the fall, and has a most expensive and instructive work now in press on the tumult of the Mississippi. I believe it is entitled "The Monuments of the Mississippi Valley," and will make five volumes, royal octavo. The learned Doctor is of opinion that the Mississippi Valley is of rather ancient origin. He states that in boring in the Delta below New Orleans, he brought from a distance of seventeen hundred and fifty feet the claws of crabs; and asserts from that fact that the Delta has been in process of gradual formation for a period of 284,000 years! What say the biblical commentators to this? I think there's ample room for a slight difference of opinion. The supporters of both the Mosaic and Christian doctrine in Memphis had better look to their laurels, as I understand the Professor will make this the subject of one of his intended lectures.

The Rev. Father Magee, of Galveston, Texas, and at one time pastor of St. Patrick's, New Orleans, was a passenger by the same train. As he is a most accomplished and learned gentleman, aside from his clerical acquirements, it may not be out of place to state that he gave Professor Dickinson quite a "raking" in an off-hand debate which they had in the hall of the Galt House, in Knoxville, the subject being the coal formations of the old and new worlds. The "Lord's anointed" retired from the contest in great glee, exclaiming in a strong North of Ireland brogue, "Now, yo see, min, I sent yo t' the moon," alluding to Professor Dickinson's reply to an allusion by the good father as to the immensity of the quantity of the ligneous deposit known as coal, that a portion of it might have come from some other planet. The good father contended that it was a *creation*, not a *deposit or production* formation. The object of this tour through the New England States is for the purpose of collecting funds to rebuild the convent and schools which were recently demolished by the tornado which proved so destructive in Texas and other States.

The country lying between Knarville and Bristol is most picturesque and interesting to the traveler, and in many places the busy hum of the mill could be heard above the rustling of the trees, and in many places the crystal waters of the "babbling brook" had been forced into more utile service than arousing the poet's fancy, and were constrained to help to turn the industrial wheel. From Bristol to Lynchburg the scenery cannot be equalled anywhere in the South, except that portion of the Memphis and Charleston road lying between Athens and Chattanooga. From Lynchburg to Washington, however, the apparent scarcity of live stock and sparseness of inhabitants would lead one to wonder from whence Virginia derived the invincible legions which so heroically confronted the Northern hosts upon five hundred battle fields. Upon nearing Washington, the answer is readily found—they people the cities of the dead." The field-works of Manassas and Bull Run, with very few exceptions, remain as they did upon the memorable days of carnage, when the exultant Pope retired from the conflict in utter dismay. But a little further on, and the white paling, tipped with black, and the elevated white cross reminds the wondering wanderer that he is within the precincts of a city of the dead, and the thrilling stanza of Kentucky's warrior bard rushes on his memory, and he unconsciously exclaims in his enthusiastic language:

"On Fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
And glory guards, with solemn sound,
The bivouac of the dead!"

And are the last syllable fades from his memory, the white dome of the capitol looms up in the distance, and he forgets the dead to gaze upon the much coveted grandeur of the living; and what is it that meets his anxious gaze? Nothing, save straggling disappointment!

I reached Washington to find a social system no better, if as good, as that in Memphis and other Southern cities and communities, the programme being, as the telegraph must have informed you, stuffed ballot boxes, negro supremacy, and cold-blooded murder. Trusting that November next may bring a happy change, I am truly yours,

MINOTAUR.

The Lotta-Crabtree Affair.

As many of our citizens are more or less interested in knowing the facts connected with the "family flareup" between the actress Lotta and her father, at St. Louis, we copy the following "damper" on old "Crab" from the St. Louis *Times*:

It would appear that we wasted our sympathy last Sunday over the disappearance of Lotta's paternal Crabtree, with $35,000 of her earnings, after a lively skirmish with the sprightly Lotta and *mere* Crabtree, for the Buffalo *Courier*, by request of the *comedienne* herself, says there is not the slightest foundation for the story. But, as the truth of history must be vindicated, we would inform the *Courier* that the fight in the hotel, the flight of old Crabtree, his theft of Lotta's earnings, about the sum above mentioned, and his skedaddle with it to parts unknown, are all perfectly true. It was hoped by Lotta and her mother that the decamping head of the family would go to Buffalo, where a son lives, sober off, and conclude to return to his allegiance, and this may be the case. We should take so much pains about a matter of the kind, if the circumstance had not been so flatly contradicted. Lotta should not put her friends of the St. Louis press in the attitude of falsifiers; and as for the old chap, her father, St. Louis wishes to see him no more.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUICKEST ROUTE TO NEW YORK

AND ALL

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

IS BY THE

Memphis & Louisville Railroad Line

SUMMER SCHEDULE, JUNE, 1868.

DOUBLE DAILY THROUGH TRAINS
RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	11:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	5:30 a.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:30 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:30 p.m.	6:15 a.m.
" Buffalo	3:30 a.m.	1:15 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:45 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	7:00 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	6:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	4:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	4:50 a.m.
" Boston	1st night.	4:30 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 4:00 p.m. connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 337½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

Baggage Checked at Depot, or by the Memphis City Transfer Company, at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM'L. R. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. jy6

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE

100 casks Bacon,
550 barrels Pork,
50 tierces Hams,
400 barrels Flour,
200 boxes Candles,
300 packages Molasses,
20 hogsheads Sugar.

Also, all articles generally kept in our line.

GALBREATH, STEWART & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
apr29 No. 11 Lee Block, Union Street.

ALBANY
COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO.,
ALBANY, NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Machinery and Implements of the Most Approved Kinds & Patterns in Use.

MOON & GEOGHEGAN.
Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants
252 Front Street, Memphis,
AGENTS.

They Keep on hand and for sale in their warehouse.
The "Star" Cotton Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin and Condenser
Power Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin, with Condenser
Power Gin, with Condenser,
Hand Gin, without Condenser,
Power Gin, without Condenser
Cotton Cultivator or Scraper and Chopper, (Foster's Patent,)
"Star" Railway Horse Power,
"Star" Lever or Sweep Horse Power,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner (Winnower) Combined,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner,
Horse Power, with Thresher and Separator,
Dog or Sheep Power,
Portable Wood Sawing Machinery,
Vegetable Cutters.
PLANTERS and DEALERS will do well to call and examine. mh8

L. C. HARDWICK, A. HAIGHT, WM. PATTERSON
HARDWICK, HAIGHT & PATTERSON,
PROPRIETORS
CENTRAL HOTEL,
(Formerly Hardwick House.)
No. 61 Adams Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Prices to suit the times. Transient Guests $2 00 per day. my28

SUMMER RESORTS.

IUKA SPRINGS,
Iuka, Tishomingo County, Mississippi.

THIS delightful and pleasant Watering Place IS NOW OPEN for the reception of visitors.

Situated as it is, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, accessible from all points, under its present management offers superior inducements to all seeking a pleasant and healthy resort during the Summer months.

Whilst the beautiful locality and the waters of these Springs alone offer sufficient inducements to visitors, the proprietors will spare no efforts to make this the most desirable place of enjoyment to be found in the South.

A fine Band of Music has been engaged for the season.

W. A. STEFFEY,
T. J. HARRISON,
Proprietors.

my15

New River
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
Giles County, Virginia,

WILL be open for the reception of visitors on the 1st day of July next. A line of stage coaches will run from Christiansburg Depot, on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, a distance of TWENTY-FOUR MILES, coming direct to the Sulphur Springs.

Hacks will run every day but Sunday from New River Bridge in a half day, giving parties an opportunity of seeing some of the most romantic and beautiful scenery in Virginia.

The Water is similar to that of the Green Brier White, and greatly esteemed by those who have used it.

Terms: Two dollars per day, twelve dollars per week and forty dollars per month.

Reference is given to Wm. G. Brownlow, Jr., of Mississippi; Jos. W. Morrow, M. C. and M. H. Bell, U. S. Revenue Ass., and W. George H. Butler, of Memphis, Tenn., who were visitors at New River White Sulphur last season.

WILLIAM EGGLESTON,
Proprietor.

jy6

WARM SPRINGS.
Madison County, North Carolina.

J. H. BUMBOUGH, Proprietor.

THIS celebrated Watering Place will be opened for the reception and accommodation of guests on the 15th of June.

The Warm Springs are situated twenty-five miles from Greeneville, Tenn., on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, at which point new and commodious four horse coaches will be in readiness daily to receive visitors on arrival of the trains. The drive will be made at daylight in day time.

After the 1st of August the cars will run on the Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston Railroad to Warm Springs, within fifteen miles of the Springs, and this distance will be performed daily in two comfortable four horse coaches.

For descriptive pamphlet, circular, or for information relative to Spring, special diseases, address

ELLIS & CO., Proprietors,
or M. A. MOODY, M. D.,
Resident Physician.

my28

JOHNSON'S WELLS,
Nine Miles North of Huntsville,

WILL be opened for the accommodation of visitors on the 1st of June. A trial of many years has proved the water to be unrivaled for the cure of Dyspepsia, Drowsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder or Bowels, General Debility, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Chronic Sores, and Female Irregularities. Terms $2 per day, $12 per week, Ten Dr Aller, and other amusements. The table will be supplied with as good as the country affords. Visits to the curious caves in the vicinity, of the water, will be accompanied by an efficient attendant, at the option of the guests. The Medical Skill and Scarcity. A. K. Burris, and the people of Huntsville guarantee.

my28 J. R. KING, Proprietor.

LUNN & MALLON.
PLUMBERS,
GAS AND
STEAM PIPE FITTERS,
304 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

HAVE on hand a large stock of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS LEAD AND IRON PIPES, BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.

Jobbing promptly attended to. jy28

HATS! HATS! HATS!

AT REDUCED PRICES!

IN order to close out our entire Stock in trade, BEING OBLIGED TO RAISE CASH FOR THE NEW HOTEL, we will sell for the next thirty days at reduced prices.

FRANCISCO & WIGGINS,
myl8 Hatters and Furriers, 300 Main Street.

INSURANCE.

UNITED STATES
FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.
OF BALTIMORE, MD.
By State Authority.

J. W. RANDOLPH, Pres't. H. G. JONES, Secretary.

Cash Assets January 1, 1867, $388,689 00.
Cash Assets January 1, 1868, $431,276 00.

Declared to Stockholders for year 1867 a Dividend of 25 per cent. upon Capital, amounting to $50,000 00.

PREMIUM RECEIPTS FOR 1867.

Fire Branch,	$163,123 00
Marine Branch,	156,331 00
LOSSES.	
Paid during the year 1867,	$116,483 00

Share of patronage for this reliable Company is respectfully solicited.

G. W. L. CROOM, Agent,
Office, 370 1-2 Main Street.

MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, - - $200,000

Office, No. 11 Madison Street, Memphis.

Officers:

E. McDAVITT, President. F. W. SMITH, Vice-President.
R. A. PARKER, Secretary.

Directors:

E. McDAVITT, W. B. WALDRAN,
F. W. SMITH, H. C. COCHRAN,
W. A. BOOD'YN, F. FRAWS,
J. T. PARGASON, J. T. STATION,
NAPOLEON HILL.

THIS INSTITUTION is now fully organized and ready for the transaction of a legitimate Fire and Marine Insurance business.

The stock of the Company is owned by our Merchants and business men, and is, in every respect, fully identified with the interests of its community.

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general insurance business. Its stock is owned by our best merchants and business men in and around a safe local business—to their advantage as both the Company and its Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:

E. McDAVITT, M. L. BRAUGHAN,
D. H. TOWNSEND, S. B. WILLIAMSON,
A. YAGUAL, HENRY LAIRD.
S. H. DUNSCOMB.

BEN MAY, Secretary.

OFFICIAL.

Ordinance.

City Hospital.

THE Ordinance as follows was then passed on final reading:

An Ordinance for the Regulation of the Departments of the City Hospital.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the attending physician to visit the patients twice a day, or oftener, if necessary, and report monthly in relation to them to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

SEC. 2. The medical department of the Hospital shall be under the control and supervision of an assistant, who shall be elected by the Board of Aldermen, at a salary not exceeding fifty dollars a month, whose duty it will be to carefully take charge of compounding medicines that may be ordered by the physician for the Hospital patients, and administer same, or cause the administration by proper nurses, as directed; by said physician, and make such requisition for medicines as may be necessary, and keep an account of the patients received and discharged from the Hospital.

SEC. 3. That a steward be employed by the Board of Aldermen, at a salary not exceeding fifty dollars a month, whose duty it shall be to take charge of all the Hospital supplies of provisions, clothing, fuel, lights, and everything that may be in the Hospital, except medical supplies, and give out and supplies of clothing and provisions for the sick, etc., as may be necessary and proper therefor, for the use of the patients as may direct, and supervise their administration by proper nurses, and keep an account of the patients received and discharged from the Hospital.

SEC. 4. That two pay wards be established in the Hospital, one for males and one for females, who may receive board and medical attention for all diseases except contagious, for the sum of one dollar and fifty cents per day. Said steward shall keep the register of such wards, and collect daily or weekly in advance from said patients, and make a report monthly of the same to the Board, and pay over to the City Treasurer the amount of money received from patients occupying the same.

SEC. 5. Said steward and apothecary shall enter into bond to the city for the faithful performance of their respective duties.

SEC. 6. All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in contact with any of the provisions of this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed.

Passed first and second reading by a suspension of the rules.

Approved June 5, 1868. JOHN W. LEFTWICH, Mayor.

Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, City Register. jy6

Hospital Supplies.

BIDS will be received at the Mayor's office until MONDAY, the 15th instant, inclusive, for supplying the City Hospital with Wood and Fresh Meats for the current corporate year.

my10 E. McDAVITT, Acting Mayor.

MATTHEWS, JUDSON & CO.,
Nos. 234 Second Street,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

Manufacturers' Agents for the sale of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
—AND—
MACHINERY
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Have for sale a large stock of

Reapers, Mowing Machines,
Horse Powers and
Threshing Machines,

CARVER'S COTTON GINS, Millers Worlds of all sizes, Belford Cotton Presses, Power Cane Mills and Evaporators, Cotton Scrapers, Cotton Planters, Chilled Plows, Mowing Machines, Plows, Points, Castings and Repairs for Machinery generally.

Steel Plows and Portable Steam Engines, all sizes from 10 to 25 Horse Power.

Grist Mills, Shingle Machines.

And will furnish any Machinery made in the United States on short notice. Will give estimates and furnish plans for erecting same.

For Terms Cash. All articles guaranteed. my28

COTTON AND COMMISSION

H. A. PARTEE. ED. P. McGEHEE. A. A. BURLESON

PARTEE, McGEHEE & BURLESON,

successors to "PARTEE, McGEHEE & CO." and "BURLESON, ANDERSON & CO."

Cotton Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants,
332 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

WILL give special personal attention to the sale of Cotton and other descriptions of Produce and Merchandise consigned to us for purchase or Plantation Supplies and all consignments will be sold when possible for cash, and the proceeds forwarded the same to any point, as directed. If consignments is to will be covered by our open policy of insurance, unless otherwise directed, and we are at all times prepared to make Liberal Cash Advancements upon all consignments.

my28

E. FITZGERALD, Cashier. C. G. HILL, Memphis. JOHN T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS!
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Duponts Gunpowder and Printing Paper.
370 Front Street, MEMPHIS

D. A. CLARKE, Memphis, Tenn. J. E. DRURY, Late of Caldwell & Drury, Memphis.

CLARKE & DRURY,
(Successors to Caldwell & Drury.)
Commission Merchants
For the sale of
Pork, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal, Bran, Oats, Hay, Corn, Whisky
And Western Produce Generally,
300 Front st., bet. Washington and Adams.
ap24 MEMPHIS, TENN.

ANDERSON & GAY.
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
320 Front Street, Corner Union.

HAVE on Consignment: 1,000 bales Hay, 1,000 sacks Bran, 1,000 barrels Cape Lime, 10 kegs Pipe Fish, 500 sacks Corn.

Sole Agents for Crescent City Bending Paper. mh26

W. H. ANDERSON,
Removed to No. 350 Front Street, Two Doors Above Old Stand.

GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION
MERCHANT.

SPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of Plantation Supplies always on hand at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash. mh29

E. O. HURD,
COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT
No. 101 Sycamore St., and 94 Hammond St.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments. Orders solicited.

C. W. STURDIVANT. F. G. LAWHORN. J. A. NEVILL

C. W. STURDIVANT & CO.,
GROCERY AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
No. 182 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

BAYLISS, EVERITT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
GENERAL AGENTS,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

EVERITT, LUCAS & CO.,
AGENTS,
All Hallows Chambers, Lombard Street,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

WE are prepared to purchase, on orders, all commodities, and sell in Europe and America, and to make Liberal Advances on consignments of produce shipped to any market in Europe, including Cotton, Tobacco, etc.

Our object is to bring about Direct Trade, and hope the people will favor us in every possible way to this important end.

apr29

L. W. PRICE, Late of Fairport, Miss. A. B. TREADWELL, Late of Cincinnati.

PRICE & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 15 Union Street, Lee Block,
Between Main and Front streets MEMPHIS, TENN.

BARKER & CO.,
Auction and Commission
MERCHANTS,
Real Estate & Collecting Agents,
Aberdeen, Miss.
Consignments Solicited.
BARKER & CO.

E. W. BROOKS, J. C. BEELY, C. H. BROOKS
BROOKS, BEELY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Provision
DEALERS,
276 Front Street, between Court and Madison,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

The National Telegraph Company,
Books Open for Subscription.

CALL on E. B. WRIGHT, General Agent, Room 5, over Commercial Bank.

Advertisements in this column will be charged ten cents per line for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

DR. MORTIMORE of Buena Vista Springs, Russell-ville, Kentucky.—My dietetic is the finest. Those wishing to consult or place themselves under my treatment, can call or correspond me personally, from this date until first of June and consult me personally, from this date until first of October at this favorite watering place, and thereby celebrated climate. My treatment of all the various forms to devote my whole attention to diseases of the lungs as offering through Invalids, especially to those of Pulmonary Consumption of the chest, as also all the various affections of the throat, as also all the various affections of Throat Disease. DR. MORTIMORE.

Buena Vista Springs, Russellville, Logan Co. Ky. jy6

COUGH—SO CURE NO PAY—FORREST JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Throat and Lung diseases, or the price positively refunded. Instantaneous relief produced. Try it. If not satisfied, return the empty bottle and get your money back. For sale by GOODYEAR, 35 Second street, Agent. Price 25 cents. jy7

W. K. HILL & CO., have moved to their old stand, No. 310 Front street, Memphis. my16

WANTS

WANTED—Everybody to know that DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY No. 6 and 8 Poplar Court street, established in 1858, is the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the South-west, for the cure of Special Diseases. Unfortunate and need of no help. my16

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Mrs. J. YORK, 8 Linden street, can accommodate a few Day and Weekly boarders. Can also accommodate a Gentleman and Wife if required. jy6

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—House No. 97 Poplar street, between Third and Fourth; contains 9 rooms. Rent reasonable. Inquire of J. H. LOEWENSTINE & BROS., 291 Main street. jy6

FOR RENT—A neat COTTAGE containing four rooms and kitchen. Pleasantly situated on corner of Jones avenue and Robinson street. Apply on premises. jy6

FOR RENT OR SALE—A neat COTTAGE, containing five rooms, with good cistern, kitchen, brick smoke-house, stables, etc., etc.; situated at No. 366 Union street fronting 50 feet on Union, and running back 127 feet. Will be sold at a low figure for one-third cash; balance in six and twelve months or it will be rented cheap to a responsible tenant. Apply to J. A. FORREST, 69 Adams street. jy7

FOR RENT—A fine COTTAGE RESIDENCE, with seven acres of garden land, on the Randolph road, two miles from Court Square, and just outside the corporation limits. Will be rented low to a good, prompt-paying tenant. Garden unsurpassed by any in this county. Present crop, etc., low. Apply to T. GRAVES, Memphis Cotton Press, 34 Madison street. jy7

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A neat COUNTRY RESIDENCE, with the very best of improvements, on Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Will be sold cheap for cash or a city Residence. Apply to the office of NEWTON BOYD & CO., 17 Union street. jy6
Ledger Stop one week.

FOR SALE—A splendid Concrete HALL'S IRON SAFE, combination lock, cost $400; also, one RICARD & BRO.'S IRON SAFE. For sale cheap. Inquire at AVALANCHE OFFICE. jy2

FOR SALE—Twelve A No. 1 BILLIARD TABLES. Apply to D. H. EVANS, 291 Front street.

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—A LIGHT BAY HORSE, no particular marks. The owner can have same by applying to LEWIS FREEMAN, south of Old Raleigh road, three miles from city and paying expenses. jy7

LOST.

LOST—LIBERAL REWARD. On Saturday evening last, a LIGHT TAN-COLORED SLUT PUP, about four months old; had on at the time a new collar, fastened with a silver padlock. Any one returning the same to H. B. CLAFLIN & BRO., No. 311 Main street, Clay Building, will be liberally rewarded. jy10

WEDNESDAY, : : : : JUNE 10, 1868.

TENNESSEE is fairly in the lists for the Presidential campaign. Her Democracy have selected their delegates to the National Convention and placed Presidential electors in the field. The Convention held in Nashville yesterday was a grand success. It brought together hundreds of Conservatives from all portions of the State, comprising the ablest and most patriotic men of each section. There was full and free discussion of men and issues, and a general disposition to canvass every question thoroughly on its merits. On some questions wide differences sprang up; but on those most at heart the delegates were a unit, and felt and acted as one man. Our special correspondent has forwarded a comprehensive report of the proceedings, which will be found elsewhere. The lateness of its receipt (midnight) prevents us from more than briefly referring to it.

THE Democratic party of 1868 is a new political organization composed of the patriots and statesmen of the nation. It is the creation of the terrible struggle through which we have passed. Old Line Whigs and Old Line Democrats have been immersed in the very flames of civil war, the baptism of which has consumed all old things. The question of a high or low tariff; *ad valorem* or specific duties; of the power of the General Government to appropriate money for internal improvements; of the constitutionality of the National banking system; of the wrong or right of slavery—no longer make or unmake parties. The Resolutions of 1798, upon which the South planted herself, have written across their face, by the bloody hand of war, in letters of fire, the word "canceled." We are another people. The mighty revolution of 1861 has not only swept billions of property to the wind, but has buried with it all former parties—Old Line Democrat, Old Line Whig, Freesoilers, Abolitionists, all have been interred in a political sepulchre which will never be opened. The thievish hand of BUTLER, or the malignant eye of STEVENS, or the boisterous voice of LOGAN may keep watch and vigils, but the blood of the nation was not poured out to perpetuate but to destroy the old order of things. Are we to be taught that a million precious lives of the white men of America were sacrificed to appease the greasy, filthy, lazy, brutish negro? Is the Freedmen's Bureau the monument to be erected over the graves of heroes? The Radical party in the North represents all the hideous elements of the war—not one of its great results. In the Southern States it is composed of men who are cowards, plunderers of the people, deserters, camp-followers, without honor or truth—tax-title thieves, robbers. It is the filth, foam and stink of the Revolution. The leaders of this party were either Whig or Democrat. In GRANT we have a Democrat who has deserted his political faith; in COLFAX a Whig; in BUTLER all creeds and parties; in STEVENS and LOGAN no party. These are the men who are at the front of the Radical Jacobin faction, and but for the fact that they have control of Congress, it would not maintain itself even in New England. To organize this mob of fanatics the white men of America have formed a party—the great Democratic party—pledged to the restoration of the States and the supremacy of the white race. The name of Democracy is not used with its old political meanings, but because it is appropriate to describe a party which opposes the military despotism of Congress and the enslavement of the white man. We know that men who have grown old in the service of the Whig party, such as Colonel W. H. STEPHENS of Jackson, now of Memphis, General JOHN L. T. SNEED of Somerville, Judge P. T. SCRUGGS, Colonel AVERY, and hundreds of others in this city, will not hesitate in their duty to the country. Upon this theme the Petersburg *Express* has commenced with so much beauty of style, force and power of argument that we publish, for the readers of the AVALANCHE, the article in full:

None can deny that despite defeat, there is something noble in the political record of the old Whig party. In its history its most determined opponents can discover nothing to inspire a blush. A rare purity illustrated its administration. Its leaders were men who, while their counsels were generally rejected by the people, yet always secured for themselves popular respect and admiration. And never did the followers of any political party cling to its principles with greater tenacity, support them with a more unflinching devotion, or bear up, many, even in defeat, with a prouder or a more majestic mien. The fortunes of war but seldom succored them with "the cohesive power of the spoils," and yet, with the precision of regulars, they moved with steady step and unbroken front wherever the plume of Harry Clay might be seen moving to the fight. In each recurring campaign, without estimating the chances of success or defeat, they gathered, with alacrity, around the standard of their chosen leader, content to spend and be spent in a loyal devotion to his service.

Reared, as we have been, in the bosom of that party, and with all our political predilections derived from that school, we feel in some measure authorized to speak with candor of those with whom we were formerly associated. The long series of defeats which make up its latter history did not fail to exercise a most lamentable influence, not only upon the leaders, but also upon the rank and file of the party. We reached a period when a hatred of Democracy became so prevalent as in some cases to preclude social intercourse. We have more than once stumbled upon a zealous Old Line Whig whose hatred of Democrats had become so intensely personal as to suggest whether or not some individual outrage, inflicted upon himself or family, were not the inspiring cause of the enmity. The extent to which this feeling was permitted to run would have been amusing, had it not been painful. It was unworthy of the true greatness and nobility of our cause, and yet it pervades the old Whig heart "like a malady that burns and rankles inward."

Nor did this feeling fail to assert itself during the late war. They followed the fated banner of the Confederacy through sunshine and storm, illustrated Southern valor on every battle-field, and heroically offered their own lives a willing ransom for their country's freedom. And yet the old feeling followed them, whether on the march or dreaming in the bivouac. See him when the day's fight is over and he is waiting round the camp-fire for the scanty ration, which is the soldier's preclude to repose, and we are sure to hear mutterings of "troubles brought on us by these infernal Democrats," or "this is Democratic rule," or "we poor Whigs are left to fight the Democratic battles." This feeling is engrafted on the Whig body—it pervades his whole nature with the completeness of inoculation—and will disappear only when the Ethiopian shall change his skin, and the leopard his spots.

Fortunately, however, for the peace of the country, patriotism in the Whig breast is stronger than prejudice. Although they feel that the present condition of things would have been far different had their own counsel prevailed, they strive to forget the past, and seek to establish order out of chaos. They feel that the issue at stake is too tremendous for party feeling or personal differences. We are sorry to know of some half dozen of our old comrades, in this city and the adjacent counties, who are permitting themselves to be diverted from duty by this unnatural enmity. Does such a course become rational men? Shall political animosities, originating in issues now long since dead, be permitted to intrude themselves at a time when their presence would be more blighting than the whispers of treason in the councils of the brave.

We are involved in no *political* struggle. We are battling for life—the life of our race. It is an issue reduced to narrow limits and incapable of misinterpretation; Shall white men or Africans rule Virginia? Shall our fair domain be turned over to negroes, or shall white men retain it in possession? Shall it be the white man or the negro who, "climbing to our western hills, shall read his destiny in the setting sun?" And no one need deceive himself or attempt to satisfy his conscience with the thought that there is any other point at issue. If other thoughts have taken possession of any Old Line Whigs, and they have been led, by old political enemities, to enter the Radical fold, we bid them withdraw, and at once. They are disgracing themselves and their fathers, and mock the ashes of their great leader who sleeps at Ashland. Let no one be deceived. The triumph of the mongrel Constitution exiles the white race and gives Virginia a prey to owls and bats—carpet-baggers and negroes.

An infant daughter of James J. Rogers, Fourth street, Brooklyn, died on Friday night in consequence of being bitten the previous day by a pet black and tan pup. It is supposed that the infant died rather from the effects of fright than the bite, which did not appear to be of a serious nature.

Newfoundland papers report that Thomas Budgell, his wife, and five children, were frozen to death in a boat while endeavoring to reach a neighboring settlement from his home at Green Bay, to procure provisions, of which they were entirely destitute.

GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, June 9.

An Austin special to the *News* says the Convention Judiciary Committee reported a resolution which passed, requesting Congress to allow the Convention to appoint Boards of Registration.

Mr. Hamilton, of Travis, said he believed that General Buchanan was partial to those who were in deadly hostility to the Government, and nothing could be hoped from him.

Mr. Hamilton, of Bastrop, called General Buchanan a "copperhead," and said the latter would stock the Convention with rebels if he had the power.

A committee was appointed to take into consideration a division of the State.

The Committee on Public Lands was requested to inquire into the propriety of selling a part of the State to the Government.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, June 9.

An Athens letter states that the Greek government had received the Cretan Deputies, thus virtually recognizing Crete as a part of the Greek nation, which will lead to a war between Turkey and Greece, and doubtless will be followed by a general European war.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 9.

The Jerome Park races were postponed to-day on account of the rain.

J. Ross Brown, Minister to China, sailed in the Henry Chauncey to-day, for California.

A New Haven special says the delegates to the Democratic Convention seem about equally divided between Chase and Pendleton.

Commodore Vanderbilt has been re-elected President of the Hudson river railroad.

A verdict of $5,200 has been returned against the Adams Express company, for the loss of a valise alleged to have contained $5,600, two years ago.

Crabtree, the father of the actress, Lotta, was arrested last evening, on the complaint of his daughter, charged with appropriating $21,000 belonging to her. A bill has been framed against him by the grand jury.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, June 9.

There was quite a large assemblage at Cedar Hill Park this evening to witness the match game of base ball, between the Athletics Club, of Philadelphia, and the Louisville Club, of this city. The game lasted two hours, and resulted in an easy victory for the Athletics. The score stood as follows: Athletics, 51; Louisville Club, 3. The Louisville boys were whitewashed eight times.

The delegates from Mobile, St. Louis and Cincinnati are here, with a view to secure the cooperation of the merchants of Louisville in the movement now being made to open Bayou Manchac.

ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 9.

Callicott and Enright arrived at the penitentiary last night. To-day their hair was cut and they were dressed in prison clothes. They have not as yet been assigned.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, C. W., June 9.

The case against Boyd and Wood to recover United States postage stamps to the amount of $105, captured in July, 1864, by the Confederate privateer Florida, from the United States steamer Electric Spark, near New York harbor, was argued yesterday before Vice-Chancellor Mowatt, and now stands for judgment.

TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

CONVENTION.

Democratic State Convention at Nashville Yesterday.

One of the Largest and Most Enthusiastic Assemblages Ever Known in the State.

Delegates and Alternates Selected to the National Convention in New York.

Hons. Thomas A. R. Nelson and Emerson Etheridge Chosen Electors for the State.

Comprehensive and Interesting Report by Telegraph of the Proceedings.

Special to the Memphis Avalanche.]

NASHVILLE, June 9.

The Democratic State Convention met in the Capitol to-day. It was very largely attended, delegates being present from every section of the State.

The Convention was one of the most exciting and interesting political assemblages ever known in Tennessee. There was a great deal of discussion, much hard work and general good feeling, with slight exceptions. The Convention comprised the best talent and experience in the State, contrasting remarkably with the carpet-bagging, streaked and striped, God-forsaken, mahogany-colored, slarrappy Radical Conventions which have been held in the Capitol during the past few years.

The Convention was called to order by the appointment of ——— as temporary Chairman. The first business in order was the calling for reports from the several Congressional delegations, under a resolution adopted by the preliminary meeting Monday night. The reports covered the appointment of three committees, composed of one delegate from each Congressional District, and were under the reports constituted as follows:

Committee on Permanent Organization.—First District—John T Noe of Granger; Second District—J C Luttrell of Knox; Third District—Asa Faulkner of Warren; Fourth District—Edmund Cooper of Bedford; Fifth District—John Woodward of Robertson; Sixth District—W A Quarles of Montgomery; Seventh District—P T Glass of Gibson; Eighth District—M C Gallaway of Shelby.

Committee on Resolutions.—First District—James White, of Hawkins; Second District—John Baxter of Knox; Third District—R D Henderson of, Hamilton; Fourth District—John C Broom of Giles; Fifth District—Dr John H Callender of Davidson; Sixth District—Connell B Thomas of Humphreys; Seventh District—B G Black of Giles; Eighth District—Hon John W Leftwich of Shelby.

Committee to recommend Delegates from the State at large.—First District—James James, of Granger; Second Dirtrict—A. Blizzard, of McMinn; Third District—J. T. Collier; Fourth District—John Wood, of Rutherford; Fifth District—W. H. Williamson, of Wilson; Sixth District—W. B. Gordon, of Maury; Seventh District—W. W. Lea, of Lauderdale; Eight District———.

The committee on permanent organization, through its chairman, Colonel Gallaway, of Shelby, reported as follows:

President—Edmund Cooper.

Vice Presidents—P. T. Scruggs, of Shelby; John Baxter, of Knox; A. Blizzard, of McMinn; James E. Bailey, of Montgomery; A. O. P. Nicholson, of Maury.

Secretaries—Ira P. Jones, of Davidson; John M. Fleming, of Knox; and M. C. Gallaway, of Shelby.

The report was received and unanimously adopted.

Colonel Cooper was then conducted to the Chair, and in a fitting speech thanked the Convention for the honor conferred on him in being called upon to preside over so able and distinguished a body of Conservatives.

All the editors of Conservative papers in Tennessee present were requested to act as Secretaries.

The committee on delegates to the National Democratic Convention at New York for the State at large reported as follows: Thomas A R Nelson of Knox; A O P Nicholson of Maury; Humphrey B Bate of Bedford; Edmond Cooper of Bedford. Alternates—John M Fleming of Knox; John C. Brown of Giles; P T Scruggs of Shelby; John H. Callender of Davidson.

General N. B. Forrest was substituted for Mr Bate, after an animated debate, and General Theo. Trauscricht for Mr. Callender.

Hon. Emerson Etheridge and George W. Jones were chosen electors for the State.

A set of resolutions not eminently able was rushed through. By a tight squeeze the delegates to New York were virtually instructed to vote for Johnson. There was strenuous opposition and tremendous log rolling by the Pendleton men. The latter were strong and determined, and feel themselves treated unfairly.

The Pendleton greenback idea was adopted without opposition.

Addresses were delivered on the different issues by Generals Bate, Forrest and Quarles; and, also, by Messrs. Fleis, Baxter and others.

The committee appointed to frame an address to the President of the National Convention at New York, setting forth our political grievances, is composed of General Albert Pike, Judge W. T. Brown, General A. P. Stewart, General John C. Brown, Joseph E. Bailey, and J. H. Callender, and two others to be appointed by the Chairman.

The Convention adjourned *sine die* at eight o'clock to-night.

Notwithstanding there was some little feeling manifested at times on minor issues, the utmost harmony prevailed on party questions, there being a universal disposition to sacrifice personal preferences for the public good.

The East Tennessee delegation was unanimous for Johnson, and generally opposed General Forrest as a delegate. There was a sharp debate on the latter, who refrained from participating in it. His nomination was by five to three Congressional votes, and afterward by the unanimous voice of the Convention.

The Democracy are thoroughly aroused, and go into the contest determined, and confident of success. All feel that the National Convention will nominate the next President and Vice President of the United States.

HARVEY.

[Continued from first page.]

NASHVILLE, June 9.

The Democratic State Convention met to-day, and was largely attended, every section of the State being represented. It was composed of leading men of former parties and prominent leaders on both sides during the war. Its session was prolonged, and at times considerable feeling prevailed, but not of an acrimonious character. Differences of views and policy were candidly discussed, while there was entire accord on matters of principle.

A platform was adopted formally declaring that the Conservatives of Tennessee were with the National Democratic party, in declaring that the doctrine of secession was finally decided by the war, but asserting the just rights of the States. Strong ground was declared against the Reconstruction policy of Congress, and in favor of the rightful supremacy of the white man in the control of the Government.

The greenback policy was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted; and a resolution laudatory of President Johnson for his administration policy, and congratulating him and the country on the defeat of impeachment, was adopted; and without nominating him at New York, it was declared that, in the event his name was mentioned, it was due that the delegation should cast its vote for him.

The delegation is composed of good men of all shades of former politics. A majority are considered Pendleton men, and a general impression prevailed that he would be the candidate, as he is the representative of the financial policy, which has proved itself very strong. A committee was appointed to prepare an address to the New York Convention.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 9.

The Boards of City Council to-day held separate sessions under their two different party organizations. The Conservative members in joint meetings adopted a preamble setting forth that, in violation of the charter of the city, the Register (a Radical) has refused to deliver the election returns to a joint meeting of the Councils, and concluding with a resolution that the committee again demand the returns, in order that they may be counted and the facts ascertained as to who received the highest number of votes for Mayor.

The committee, after a short absence, returned and reported that the Register refused to comply with the demands, so the meeting gave the committee further time to attend to the business, and authorized it to send for persons and papers, and to employ counsel. A recess was then taken until to-morrow evening.

The Radical Senators held an adjourned caucus meeting this morning on the subject of making changes in the subordinate officers of the Senate, but there not being a unanimity of views, the whole subject was postponed until December.

General Grant left to-day for West Point. He will probably deliver the diplomas to the graduating class.

Mr. Sherman, from the Finance Committee, reported to the Senate to-day, with amendments, a bill to provide for a uniform coinage among nations, with a recommendation that it be postponed till the next session.

The Impeachment Committee will soon conclude its investigations and furnish a record of its testimony to the Senate.

The select committee of inquiry into matters affecting the characters of the members of the body, and before them, to-day, Charles H. Shelby and Rowen Von Volkenberg, and the money belonging to Woolley and deposited in the safe of the Metropolitan Hotel was produced.

PROVIDENCE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 9.

Wm. Sprague was to-day re-elected United States Senator, without opposition.

NEW HAVEN.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 9.

The Democratic State Convention has instructed its delegates to vote as a unit unless equally divided.

RIVER NEWS.

LOUISVILLE, June 9.

The river is falling, with six feet five inches in the canal. The weather is clear and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.

The river has risen two feet within the past forty-eight hours.

Departed—Marble City, Memphis. Arrived—Tacony, Tennessee river; Julia, Vicksburg.

FOREIGN.

BRUSSELS, June 9.

Riotous demonstrations have recently been made in Luxemburg in favor of France. The disorder was promply suppressed and the leaders arrested.

Fortieth Congress---First Session

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 9.

The special order was the "omnibus bill," "so called," which was taken up, the question being on the amendment to admit Alabama. Mr. Willey made an argument in favor of the amendment, and, after some remarks by Mr. Saulsbury, Mr. Adams' amendment to include Alabama was agreed to by 22 to 21.

The House bill, together with Morten's amendment, was ordered to be printed. Mr. Howard moved to amend section two, making it read as follows: "That if the time fixed for the meeting of the Legislature of either of said States by the constitution thereof, shall have passed, or shall have so nearly arrived before the passage of this act, that there shall not be time for the Legislature to assemble at the time fixed by the constitution of said State, such Legislature shall convene at the end of twenty days from the time this act takes effect, unless the Governor shall convene the same." He explained the object to be to take from the Governor the discretion of calling the Legislature together or not, as he sees fit, and require it by law to assemble. The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Howard moved to amend the third section so as to make it read: That "the first section of this act shall take effect as to each State, except Georgia, and when such State shall, by its Legislature, duly ratify article fourteen of the amendments of the Constitution of the United States; and to the State of Georgia, when it shall in addition give the assent of said State to the fundamental condition herein before imposed the same. He explained that the section requires the issue of a proclamation by the President, announcing the compliance of the State with the necessary condition before the State can be admitted to representation in Congress.

Mr. Frelinghuysen suggested leaving out of the section the clause making it the duty of the President to issue a proclamation within ten days after the necessary official notification of the ratification. The amendment was modified and adopted.

Mr. Sherman moved to amend by striking out the clause imposing on Georgia the further fundamental condition of declaring null and void, by her General Assembly, certain provisions of her constitution relative to debts contracted prior to June 1, 1865.

Some debate ensued, during which Mr. Motron pronounced the provisions unconstitutional and dishonest, when without action the Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

HOUSE.

When the Clerk was reading the journal the Sergeant-at-Arms announced the Chinese Embassy. They were escorted into the House by Messrs. Schenck, Banks and Brooks, who made appropriate welcoming speeches, which Minister Burlingame responded to. They were then introduced by the committee to the individual members of the House. All the presentations having taken place, the members of the Embassy took seats in chairs arranged in the area of the House. At twelve o'clock the signal for their departure was given, and escorted by the committee, they left the House, the members of the House standing as they retired.

Mr. Brown, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a bill to erect two additional States out of the territory of the State of Texas, which was ordered to be printed and recommitted.

Mr. Paine, from the same Committee, reported back the bill to provide for the inauguration of the State officers in Arkansas, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana and Alabama, and for the meeting of the Legislatures of these States.

Mr. Brooks made a brief protest against the whole system of legislation, of which this bill is a part. The bill was, however, passed by a party vote. Yeas 113, nays 21. It is as follows:

Be it Resolved, etc., That the Legislatures of each of the States of Arkansas, North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia and Alabama, elected under the constitutions thereof, framed and adopted in pursuance of the provisions of "an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 23d, 1867, and the acts supplementary thereto, be and hereby are authorized to meet on such days as may have been fixed in such constitutions, or by the proclamation of any officer authorized to convene such Legislatures by the convention which framed such constitution; and if no day shall have been fixed as aforesaid, or if the day fixed for the meeting of the Legislature of either of said States shall have passed, or shall have so nearly arrived before the passage of this act, that, in the opinion of the Governor elect, there might not be time for the Legislature to assemble on the day fixed, such Legislature may be convened within thirty days after the passage of this act by the Governor of said State.

Sec. 2. That whenever either of said States shall be admitted to representation in Congress, the Executive and Judicial officers of such State, duly elected and qualified under the Constitution thereof, may be inaugurated without delay, and the government of such State shall thereupon be fully restored to its civil relations to the Union.

Sec. 3. That it shall be the duty of all civil and military officers exercising authority in either of said States to afford all practical aid and protection to the officers of such State, in carrying out the provisions of this act, and any such officer who shall wilfully withhold such aid and protection, or shall knowingly permit, hinder or delay the meeting of either of said Legislatures, or the action of any of said officers, or if any other civil or military officer under either of said State authorities shall be guilty of felony, and upon conviction thereof before any Federal or State court of criminal jurisdiction, shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding ten years, or by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, at the discretion of the court.

Mr. Farnsworth reported a bill chartering the New Orleans and Mobile Railroad Company, and authorizing it to construct bridges over navigable waters on its route, which was deferred until to-morrow.

Mr. Blaine offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the Committee on Foreign Affairs be instructed to inquire whether the action of the Mexican Government, in establishing free ports at Matamoras, and at other points on the Rio Grande, is not in violation of the treaty stipulation, and unfriendly to the commercial rights of this country.

Mr. Van Horne, of Missouri, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill for the consolidation of the Indian tribes, and to organize a system of government in the Indian territory, which was recommitted.

Mr. Cook, from the Committee on Roads and Canals, made a report on the resolution referred to it, in relation to the right of Congress to exercise control over railroads, and also presented a minority report in behalf of Kerr. Ordered to be printed and recommitted.

AUCTION.

Auction Sale This Morning at 10 a.m.

Housekeepers and All Others, Attention!

We are in receipt of all kinds of goods—Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Crockery, Mattresses, Mosquito Bars, Crockery and Cooking Utensils.

Now is your time to buy Goods. Come one, come all!

jy9 A. K. GOODMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

W. C. THOMPSON, Manager.

I WOULD announce to the citizens of Memphis that I have consummated an engagement, for TWO NIGHTS, with the celebrated

Miss ISABELL McCULLOCH'S

ITALIAN OPERA TROUPE,

Who will make her last appearance

THIS EVENING, JUNE 10th,

In the Opera of

DON PASQUALE

That elegant Opera of the illustrious Chevalier Donizetti, with the following unapproachable cast:

Miss ISABELL McCULLOCH as ..... NORINA
Sig. GIOVANNI ROVE as ..... DON ESTO
Sig. CARLO ORLANDINI as ..... DR MALATESTA
Sig. ALFONZO TADDEI MINI as ..... DON PASQUALE
Sig. VICENZU LOCATELLI as ..... NOTARY

Sig. MAESTRO TORRIANI, the distinguished Director of the Academy of Music, of New York, under whose instruction the STAR OF THE SOUTH has achieved her artistic education, has voluntarily offered to accompany her through the cities of the South

Scale of Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Second Seats, $1 50; Family Circle, 75 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

Corner Jefferson and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

THIS Hotel has been recently refitted and newly furnished, and it is now open for the reception of guests.

Situated in the most central portion of the city, and within one square of the different railroad depots, and near the steamboat landing, it presents many advantages for the convenience of the public that are unsurpassed by any hotel in this city.

Mr. W. M. F. BERRY, of Mississippi, in charge of the office.

SCHEDULE OF PRICES:

Transient Guests, per day $3 00
Board and Lodging, per week 15 00
Day Board, per month 20 00

jy10 ALLEN BROS., Managers.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style and name of PEARCE, PARK & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. M. C. Pearce, T. C. Park and R. S. Briggs will continue the business under the Wholesale Grocery and Cotton business, under the name of J. H. McClellan, who assumes the liabilities of the late firm.

T. C. Park is authorized to attend to the settlement of all claims belonging to the late firm, and will be found at the old stand, 324 Front street.

M. C. PEARCE,
T. C. PARK,
J. H. McCLELLAN,
R. S. BRIGGS.

MEMPHIS, June 4, 1868.

In retiring from the firm of Pearce, Park & Co., under the style of PEARCE, PARK & CO., I take pleasure in recommending my successor, J. H. McCLELLAN, with whom I shall continue the Wholesale Grocery and Cotton business, under the name of J. H. McClellan, who assumes the liabilities of the late firm.

T. C. PARK.

MEMPHIS, June 4, 1868.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of J. H. BROWER & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent November 20, 1867.

The liabilities of the late firm have all been liquidated and settled.

J. H. BROWER.
W. H. SELLERS.
R. S. BLYDENBURGH.

NEW YORK, June 1, 1868.

Partnership.

THE subscribers have this day formed a partnership under the firm of J. H. BROWER & CO., for the transaction of a General Commission business; and have such arrangements as to enable them to offer their friends and former correspondents liberal facilities as a consignment.

Strict attention will be given to such interests as may be entrusted to our care.

J. H. BROWER.
R. S. BLYDENBURGH.

NEW YORK, June 1, 1868.

Thirsty Gentlemen, Attention!

IT is a well known fact that in New Orleans, where the best liquors are kept, they only charge fifteen cents per drink. If they can live and make money, so can we. We will give you the best drinks to be found at any bar in Memphis—mixed or otherwise—at five

OFFICE SALOON, No. 4 Madison Street.

Call and see and be satisfied.

jy10 S. A. MAGINNIS & CO., Agents.

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust executed to me as trustee by A. B. Warren, on the 19th day of May, 1866, and recorded in book No. 6, pages 182 and 183, and to secure the payment of the note therein described and secured, I will,

On Saturday, the 11th day of July, 1868,

in front of the Court House door, on Second street, in the city of Memphis, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the real estate described in said trust deed, as follows; viz: Situate, lying and being in the county of Shelby and state of Tennessee, and known as lots No. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, on the plan of A. Warren's addition to Sea Isle. The title is supposed to be good, but I will convey as trustee only. Right of equity of redemption waived in the deed.

jy10 JOHN W. FOWLER, Trustee.

CONSIDER YOUR HEALTH.

THE FINELY FINISHED

BATHING BOAT

Of Wm. Hendricks, deceased, is again open for the use of Ladies and Gentlemen, at private families. The boat has been thoroughly repaired.

At the Foot of Washington Street.

Refitted and furnished with all comforts; there is not another place in the city like it. Season tickets, $10; Private tickets, 25 cents; Bath Tickets, 25 cents. All in search of healthy recreation are invited.

jy9 EMILY HENDHAUSEN, Proprietress.

Stocks and Bonds

WANTED AT MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION, corner Jefferson and Front streets.

Mississippi Central Railroad First and Second Mortgage Bonds.
Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad First Mortgage Bonds.
Memphis and Charleston Railroad Second Mortgage Bonds.
Memphis and Little Rock Railroad First Mortgage Bonds.
Memphis and Ohio Railroad Ten Per Cent Bonds.
" " Six " New Bonds.
Memphis City Five Twenties.
" " Six " Bonds.
Mobile and Ohio Railroad Eight Per Cent Sterling Bonds.
" " " Dollar Bonds.
" " Income Bonds.
Memphis and Ohio Railroad Stock.

jy10 S. C. KIRK, Cashier.

Emigration! Emigration!

A PARTIES coming this month two hundred miles of Memphis—300 more than five miles from railroad—can get land and sell to the first comer, not exceeding more than ten dollars per acre. Apply to T. TREZEVANT, Memphis.

jy10 T. TREZEVANT.

Notice.

DUNLAP'S PARK is open for Democratic Conventions and all meetings. Terms reasonable. Communications and letters addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention.

JOHN S. DAVIS.

jy9 Dunlap's Park, Adams and White Haven Cars.

Photograph Gallery for Sale,

WITH everything complete for the business. Cheap for cash. Also, a fine Piano, cheap. Also, a fine Melodeon, cheap. Also, a fine Guitar, cheap. Also, a fine Violin, cheap. Also, a fine Flute, cheap. Also, a fine Clarionet, cheap. Also, a fine Cornet, cheap. Also, a fine Trombone, cheap. Also, a fine Bass Viol, cheap. Also, a fine Drum, cheap. Also, a fine Fife, cheap. Also, a fine Bugle, cheap. Also, a fine Tambourine, cheap. Also, a fine Triangle, cheap. Also, a fine Cymbals, cheap. Also, a fine Castanets, cheap. Also, a fine Harmonica, cheap. Also, a fine Jew's Harp, cheap. Also, a fine Whistle, cheap. Also, a fine Rattle, cheap. Also, a fine Bell, cheap. Also, a fine Gong, cheap. Also, a fine Tom-Tom, cheap. Also, a fine Banjo, cheap. Also, a fine Mandolin, cheap. Also, a fine Zither, cheap. Also, a fine Harp, cheap. Also, a fine Piano, cheap. Also, a fine Melodeon, cheap. Also, a fine Guitar, cheap. Also, a fine Violin, cheap. Also, a fine Flute, cheap. Also, a fine Clarionet, cheap. Also, a fine Cornet, cheap. Also, a fine Trombone, cheap. Also, a fine Bass Viol, cheap. Also, a fine Drum, cheap. Also, a fine Fife, cheap. Also, a fine Bugle, cheap. Also, a fine Tambourine, cheap. Also, a fine Triangle, cheap. Also, a fine Cymbals, cheap. Also, a fine Castanets, cheap. Also, a fine Harmonica, cheap. Also, a fine Jew's Harp, cheap. Also, a fine Whistle, cheap. Also, a fine Rattle, cheap. Also, a fine Bell, cheap. Also, a fine Gong, cheap. Also, a fine Tom-Tom, cheap. Also, a fine Banjo, cheap. Also, a fine Mandolin, cheap. Also, a fine Zither, cheap. Also, a fine Harp, cheap.

JAMES M. OWENS, Proprietor.

OLD WINE & LIQUOR HOUSE

Established by Raphael Semmes in 1819.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, ETC.

Import Direct

Martell Brandies, Port, Sherry and Other Wines.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Moet & Chandon's "Green Seal" Champagne.

Yannissee and Westmoreland Whiskey

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

GEO. PATTISON & CO.,

NO. 317 1-2 MAIN STREET, WEST SIDE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS BLANK AND MEMORANDUM BOOKS.

A large and well selected stock of everything in our line kept constantly on hand at Lowest Market Price. Wholesale dealers would do well to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. mh6

D. B. FORSTER, CHARLES W. KEALHOFER, THOMAS RAY,

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 209 Main Street, Four Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn.,

—GENERAL DEALERS IN—

Bacon, Mess Pork, Flour, Lard, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, N. O. Molasses & Syrups

Our stock of Shelf Goods is full and complete, consisting in part of

Canned Fruits, Oysters, Sardines, Pickles, Sauces, Ketchups, Cigars, Tobacco.

ETC. ETC. ETC.

Merchants will do well to examine our stock. Captain KEALHOFER gives special attention to COTTON and other PRODUCE consigned to the house. my16

MARTIN WALT & CO.,

LATE R. P. WALT & CO.,

Established 1852,

WHOLESALE GROCERY AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF WESTERN PRODUCE,

272 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Agents for the Old Established Line of Arkansas River Packets.

We are prepared to make CASH ADVANCES, when required, on Shipments of WESTERN PRODUCE for sale here or on COTTON consigned to our Correspondents in New Orleans. my16

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GRAND TOURNAMENT & CORONATION

WILL BE HELD AT

CENTRAL PARK

—ON—

Wednesday, June 17,

The net proceeds to be distributed among the

Widows & Orphans of the "Lost Cause."

Lists Open to the World in the Contests for Grace and Precision.

FOUR SPLENDID PRIZES.

FIRST PRI

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

WEDNESDAY : : : : JUNE 10, 1868.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	8:00 P.M.	12:30 P.M.
Through Express Daily	10:00 P.M.	11:30 P.M.
Corinth Accommodation: Daily, except Sunday		6:00 A.M.
Somerville Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	9:35 A.M.	5:00 P.M.

Railroad time twenty minutes faster than city time. Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.

☞ Through Express does not leave Saturdays or arrive Sundays.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	3:35 P.M.	4:30 P.M.
Sardis Accommodation, Daily, except Sunday	9:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
Freight, North, Monday, Wednesday and Friday; South, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	9:25 P.M.	5:30 A.M.

Take effect Sunday, March 8, 1868.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	8:10 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Night Express	5:35 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

Railroad time 10 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 257½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 2:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, New York, Nashville and all cities South and East, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities South, at 3:15 p.m.

All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, at 3:15 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch railroads, at 2:30 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 p.m.

ROBERT C. ALLEN, Postmaster.

THE WEEKLY AVALANCHE.

THE WEEKLY AVALANCHE for the current week can be obtained at the counting room, with or without wrappers. Price, ten cents per copy. It contains, besides a large number of editorials, the very latest news, by telegraph and otherwise, river news, a weekly review of the market, correspondence, and everything else essential to a first class weekly. THE WEEKLY AVALANCHE is the cheapest weekly in the South. It has a large circulation throughout the Southern States, and presents an invaluable medium for advertising.

SHOOTING IN THE COUNTRY.

A Negro Wounded in a Difficulty with a White Man.

Monday evening, at Mr. Peter Mitchell's woodyard on the Horn Lake road, three miles from the city, a young man named J. W. Williams, (Mr. M.'s clerk) had a dispute with a negro known as Isaac Coleman, about payment for a load of wood. The latter had a gun and made some threatening demonstration, when Williams seized a double-barreled gun, loaded with bird shot, and fired at Coleman. Shot lodged in his breast, neck and several other places, inflicting a painful though not dangerous wound. Mr. Williams was arrested and taken before Justice (negro) Rankin, but secured a change to Esq. Black, who yesterday placed the prisoner under $3,000 bonds for appearance to-day.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The famous seventeen-year locusts, have not made their appearance in this locality.

Colonel C. W. S. Brown, general agent of the Little Miami railroad, was in the city yesterday.

Yesterday Police Commissioner Richards tried twelve cases.

The Methodists of Brownsville intend erecting another church, which is to be of brick, with a commodious basement.

The Rev. A. L. P. Green, D.D., of Nashville, will preach the Commencement Sermon at the State Female College next Sunday morning.

In consequence of the opera this week the *Marble Heart* will not be produced until Tuesday evening next.

Right Reverend Bishop Feehan, who has been detained in the city a week by illness, left for Nashville, Monday evening, having sufficiently recovered to travel.

Cooney and Joseph Rutchman, the boys charged with shooting John Curlin, for striking their sister, yesterday waived an examination before Esquire Kiernan, and gave bonds in two thousand dollars each for appearance at the Circuit Court.

Messrs. N. L. Webb and James Archey, charged with assaulting two negroes, named, respectively, Bill Davis and Wm. Howell, were yesterday discharged by Esquire Griffiths, having established an *alibi*.

Yesterday W. L. Porter procured the arrest of a negro named Henry Marks, charged with stealing negro named Henry Marks, charged with stealing three cows and placing them upon his (Porter's) premises, with the view of implicating the latter in the theft. The case will come before Esquire Daily to day.

Mr. George W. Cheek's premises in Chelsea were visited by three thieves early yesterday morning—one of them a negro—who stole a rockaway, a horse and two mules. They were discovered when leaving by a black boy, and traced by a couple of policemen to a point near Raleigh. The property stolen is valued at $1,300.

Our old friend, Dr. Y. A. Carr, who roamed on the bluffs in a savage state when Memphis was a boy, has returned, looking as fresh and rosy as though there had been no such a thing as a war. His face is a genial reminder of old times, and we are pleased to learn that he is in the enjoyment of excellent health.

The following officers for the ensuing year, of Penn Chapter, Royal Arch Mason's, have been elected: John Zent, H. P.; D. C. Trader, K.; Gus. Reder, S.; H. Lemon, C. of H.; D. R. Forster, P. S.; J. Happek, R. A. C.; J. M. Pamplin, F. Hall, J. W. Trabue, M. of V.; John W. Pugh, Jr., Treasurer; B. M. Levy, Secretary; J. J. Suter, Sentinel.

At the State Female College to-morrow night, Messrs. John S. Collins and James H. Sullivan will give a literary and scientific entertainment for the benefit of Greenwood Sabbath School. The price of admission has been reduced to twenty-five cents—children half price; and the Hernando street cars will run until after the entertainment, conveying all desiring to attend from the city.

Mr. J. B. Townsend, an old citizen of Grenada, and heretofore understood to be a Conservative, has accepted the Radical nomination for the Legislature, having made the discovery that "the Republican party of Mississippi desires to put manacles upon the thoughts or actions of no one." Several carpet-baggers and scalawags have made the same discovery, but the white men of the State who pay the taxes "can't see it."

The street railway carried 85,109 passengers in May. The cash receipts on the different lines aggregated $5,625 63, as follows: Hernando street, $2,009 65; Beale street, $1,866 58; Poplar street, $1,749 40. There is no exclusive Main street line. The April receipts were $4,613 20. We have little doubt that the receipts could be increased one-third if cars enough were placed on each line to render the railway a convenience to those with little time at their disposal. In many instances persons are compelled to wait fifteen or twenty minutes for a car, and consume as much if not more time in addition at switches. This gross inconvenience is experienced nowhere else, and there seems no reason for it in Memphis. Almost any one going half a dozen squares prefers walking to waiting even ten minutes for a car.

NOTICE.—*Crook's Insurance Agency, 279½ Main street—Anti-Monopoly!—To the Insuring Public!*—Not being a member of "the monopoly," respectfully state that, in view of the *extraordinary* resolution adopted by the Memphis Board of Underwriters, as published in the AVALANCHE and *Appeal* of this (9th) date, will leave for the North and East in a few days to make arrangements with first-class companies, not represented by "the monopoly," to take the entire line of risks that may be offered in any one building, and approved by the undersigned, knowing, through the influence I have in both sections, can secure policies in companies that will be unobjectionable to the *most fastidious*. I am now prepared to cover $20,000 in any one building, as well as to grant special and open marine policies.

GEO. W. L. CROOK,
Independent Insurance Agency,
Taking risks according to the moral hazard. 2t

REMOVAL.—Owing to the conversion of a portion of the Brinkley Block into a hotel, Messrs. Francisco & Wiggir, the well known saddlers and furriers, intend removing two doors above their old stand, but remaining in the same block. They keep on hand as usual a large and fine assortment of hats and caps; bought low prices, and for sale cheap. Those interested would do well to call and examine their stock.

THE HEBREW PICNIC.—Remember the basket picnic at James' Park, head of Wrands street, today, under the auspices of the Ladies' Hebrew Benevolent Society, and for the benefit of the I. O. B. B. Orphan Asylum. Our Israelitish fellow-citizens will attend in large numbers, and we have no doubt hundreds of citizens generally will find their way to the grounds. The day will be spent in amusements. The Beale street cars run within a short distance of the park.

BRINKLEY BLOCK TO BE CONVERTED INTO A HOTEL.—We are compelled by this change to remove our retail department, and have therefore determined to commence Monday, 8th instant, for two weeks only, to offer our entire stock of dry goods, at greatly reduced figures. Every article in the house is marked down low, and we are ready to give purchasers inducements for rare bargains.
1w RICH, STIX & Co., 307 Main street.

THE DILAPIDATED BRIDGES.

A Card from the President of the Turnpike Company.

MEMPHIS AVALANCHE: Several communications have appeared in your local columns recently, over signatures of "Toll Payer," another "Toll Payer," etc., which, in severe editorial comments in regard to the franchises granted by the Legislature to the Wolf River Pike Company, the Nonconnah Turnpike Company, etc.

Now, I respectfully and successfully refute everything contained in any of the ways mentioned, a plain statement of facts is all that is necessary I propose to give the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, in regard to this whole matter, from its inception to the present time; and if, in so doing, the errors, untruths and fuscurances that have fastened themselves on the minds of your correspondents shall be exposed, it is no fault of mine.

When the war terminated the bridges and causeways across Nonconnah river and its sloughs on the Pigeon Roost road, were all swept away. It was almost impossible to cross this stream and the sloughs with a vehicle of any kind. Persons, both male and female, were frequently compelled to remain in the bottom all night, in cold weather, because of the impossibility of crossing; and some are said to have sickened and died from this cause. Under these circumstances, the old County Court, sitting at Raleigh, granted a franchise to Doyle Pearson, William M. James and D. G. James, authorizing them to erect a ferry-boat across the river, and fixed the rates of toll. After running the boat for several months, at the instance of many citizens in that section of the county, a petition, numerously signed, was prepared and sent to the Legislature, asking for a charter of incorporation, by which bridges might be built across the main stream and all the sloughs. Hon. S. P. Walker, then one of the Representatives of Shelby county in the Legislature, had charge of this petition, and was to have introduced a bill in accordance therewith, but before having an opportunity to do so resigned his seat in the General Assembly, and handed over the papers to W. J. Smith, a Senator in the Legislature at that time. The undersigned had no personal acquaintance with this gentleman at that time—nor does he think any one of the present stockholders had. He regarded his action in the matter as an act of courtesy to the member from our county who had resigned, and could not, therefore, attend to it. This gentleman introduced the bills, and the acts were passed granting these several franchises.

The Legislature adopted precisely the same rate of toll which the County Court had adopted. On the Pigeon Roost Road the company has built five bridges, one across the main stream, Nonconnah, and four across the sloughs, and repaired the levees at a cost of between six and seven thousand dollars. The work was commenced in September, 1866. Before the war there were three toll-gates from Memphis on this road, and "Toll Payer" had to pay at three, instead of one, as at present; but still he complains. Why did he pay at three gates? He paid at the first and second to remunerate those that worked on the road, and kept it in repair, and he paid at the third to compensate for the labor and expense of erecting the bridges and repairing the levees. Suppose he does work on the road until he comes to the bridges and toll-gates, and then quits, or at Nonconnah, but has not worked to build bridges and levees, by far the most important and expensive part of the work, is it wrong that he should pay toll to compensate those who have done this work? It was not the policy of our country in its palmiest days to have free bridges at Raleigh and across Nonconnah on the Pigeon Roost road. Before the war the Memphis and Somerville Plank-road Company had tollgates from Memphis to Somerville at intervals of five miles, including one at the bridge over Wolf river at Raleigh; and the Pigeon Roost and Chulahoma Turnpike Company had three gates from Memphis to the State line. Could the County Court at the close of the war have been expected to tax the people, impoverished as they were, to build free bridges across these streams, when such a thing had not been done in former times?

What has been done? The traveling public is taxed in the way of toll for the bridges, causeways, etc., and the people required to work the roads instead of having to pay additional toll for working them, as heretofore. The people never did cross the streams without paying toll, and the only difference at present and former times in this respect is that they now pay about one-third of what they formerly paid.

It is true that after these charters were obtained General Smith did, through a stockholder, as any other man might. But a majority of the stockholders, representing three-fourths of the stock, are Southern men, men reared in this country and well known in this community. All personal allusions to their disparagement fall harmless and their feet. They have a character in the community upon which they can rely as a shield against the arrows of malice. In fact it is thought these volunteer scribblers are ignorant of the men who compose these corporations as they are of the facts about which they write. As to the Memphis and Hernando road, there was an indifferent bridge across the main stream. But the company has built three bridges from 135 to 180 feet long across the sloughs; and have also built a levee about 700 yards long, from two to six feet high, thirty feet at the base, and twenty feet at the top. On this road, before the war, there were toll-gates from Memphis to Hernando every five miles. As to neighborhood travel, the most liberal arrangements are made whereby families pass by the year at comparatively little expense. Poor passengers go free; children going to school, riding or walking, pass free; all persons going to church pass free; persons going to mill pass free.

I think what I have said is due alike to the stockholders and the public. I could not say less—I might have said more.

D. G. JAMES,
President of Wolf River Pike and Nonconnah Turnpike Company.

NEGRO OUTRAGE IN GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI.

A Darkey Mobbed and Nearly Killed for Declaring Himself a Conservative.

Last Saturday was a lively day in Grenada, Mississippi. The Radical candidates for State officers spoke their pieces, and the event was the occasion of congregating together hordes of negroes. Early in the morning they came in droves, and at noon it was necessary to build bonfires so that white folks could get around. There were

Niggers to the right of them;
Niggers to the left of them;
Niggers behind them;

There were big niggers and little niggers; large niggers and small niggers; old niggers and young niggers; elephantine niggers and dwarf niggers; pleasinnies and half-grown niggers; black, brown, yellow, green, blue, mahogany, saddle-colored and saffron niggers. They were numerous as forest leaves and fragrant as a million polecats. Half of them were drunk, and the others wanted to be. In the crowd was a darkey who had seen nothing in Radicalism to admire. He expressed the opinion that the carpet-bag scalawags was dam trash; dat Radicals was played out; and dat white folks good enough for dis chile." In a moment a hundred black, greasy hands were clutching at his throat and five hundred ugly mouths were showering curses on the "seceah nigger." Some wanted to hang him, and others yelled out, "shoot him!" The white scalawags looked on approvingly, making no effort to protect the poor fellow from the mob. He was dragged several hundred yards, kicked, beaten and cursed at nearly every step, and would doubtless have been murdered but for the interference of some Conservative gentlemen who finally prevailed on the military to rescue him. This is a fair sample of Radical love of freedom of opinion and speech in the South.

[Communicated.]

A lying sneak came to my house to board in February, 1867. He remained three weeks, and on a dispute arising as to the amount of his bill, he was allowed to determine the amount himself. The account remained unsettled until two weeks since, when he gave his note for the debt. On my presenting the note yesterday, the time it fell due, he told me he had taken the benefit of the bankrupt law. The amount involved is very small, but it shows to what mean tricks that man will descend to cheat beat any one who is foolish enough to credit him. To have a small board bill unsettled for nearly a year and a half, and then put the claim in bankruptcy, is only possible with men of his caliber of his honesty. The name of this sweet-scented dealer in best is Daniel Reed, real estate agent, Odd Fellows' Hall.

FRANK TOWNSEND,
Poplar street, No. 47, Memphis.

NO MONOPOLY—*No Dictation to Insurers Where they shall Insure—No Prescription for Insuring in Sound Companies—Liberal Conditions, Equitable Rates and Prompt Settlements.*—The companies represented by the undersigned have deposited with the State Controller $20,000 in bonds for the protection of their policy-holders in this State; paid State, county and city taxes; have always settled their losses promptly and satisfactorily. We do not belong to the Board of Underwriters, and consequently do not dictate to patrons were they shall insure. We will be thankful for part insurance in all, as insurers may desire. We have made ample arrangements to insure to any extent that may be desired.

MOORE & WEST,
General Insurance Agents, 41½ Madison street.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Superintendent's office of the Memphis and Little Rock railroad has been removed to room No. 1, Tims Block, Jefferson street.

JAMES W. ROBERTSON,
1w General Superintendent.

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.* Meets to day, pursuant to adjournment. The following cases will be heard:

Evans vs. Thompson.
Keep vs. Cannovan.
The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the following cases:
Mosier et al vs Hunter.
Holland vs Vance.

CRIMINAL COURT.—*Wm. Hunter, Judge*—The Grand Jury empannelled yesterday is as follows: H D Connell, Foreman; J C Marshall, G B Miller, R Clark, J E Carpenter, O F Prescott, J D Williams, B P Bolling, J T McCoy, G H Blood, J T Ferguson, W W Coleman and Isador Rosenback.

No special charges were given to the Grand Jury.

To-day the Trial Docket will be called, commencing at case No. 1.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge*—Stands adjourned until Monday, June 22, 1868. Judge Pierce has resigned, the resignation to take effect when his successor shall have been appointed. The names of John T. Farington, Esq., and Charles Kortrecht, Esq., have been mentioned in connection with the vacancy and appointment. It is to be hoped that some able lawyer can be prevailed upon to accept the Judgeship, as it would be a great hardship upon the bar should a young and incompetent attorney be appointed by Brownlow, now in full possession of the patronage and influence of the State

DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

AVALANCHE BUILDING, Memphis, Tennessee.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION,
(Payable in advance.)
FROM JUNE 1, 1868.

DAILY—One copy, each month ..... $ 1 00
" One copy, per year 10 00
WEEKLY—One copy, per year 2 00
" Five copies, per year 10 00
" Ten copies, per year 20 00

One extra copy sent to the getter up of a club of ten.

All clubs must subscribe for the same length of time.

Specimen copies sent free.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TUESDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Woolley accounts for the $20,000 as follows: Part, he says, was spent on his private business and that of his client, and part was handed to Ransom Van Valkenburg, of New York, at a convivial party; the witness believing at the time that he was giving it to Mr. Snock. He denies any disrespect to the House or Managers, and files an affidavit from Ransom Van Valkenburg, Robert Stepps, Cornelius Wendell and C. H. Shelly, fully setting forth the disposal of the money.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The spring meeting of the American Jockey Club commences today at Jerome Park with the most sanguine expectations of success, and will continue Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday. The largest number of horses gathered at any race meeting in America are at the course.

The *Herald* prints a private letter of Judge Chase, in which he says he was not a partizan on either side in the impeachment trial. He says he shall adhere to his old creed of equal rights. "They may denounce and abuse me and read me out of the party if they choose. I follow my old lights, not the new. What the developments of the future may be, I know not; I neither expect nor desire to be a candidate for office again. It would, however, gratify me exceedingly if the Democratic party would tak ground which would assure the party against all attempts to subvert the principles of universal suffrage established in right, and soon to be established in all of the Southern constitutions. Then, I think, the future of the great cause, for which I have labored so long, would be secured, and I should not regret my absence from political labors."

NEW HAVEN, CONN., June 9.—The Sarsfield Guards, of this city, have accepted the challenge of the Montgomery Guards, of Boston, to drill for the championship of the United States.

UTICA, June 9.—A man named Moses Johnson was murdered in his own house, in Brookfield, Madison county, and his body cast into a well. He was first robbed, and then butchered with an ax.

Crop News.

The following crop items from our Southern exchanges will prove interesting:

A friend who has just returned from a trip through Izard and Marion counties, gives cheering news in regard to the crops in those counties. The breadth of land planted is greater than ever before. The farmers are turning attention to the raising of corn, the cereals, and stock. The corn is in beautiful condition, and the prospect for oats, wheat and rye good. There is not so much cotton planted as formerly, but it never looked better at this season of the year.—*Batesville (Ark.) Times, May 30th.*

The past week has been warm and dry. Corn is much in need of rain, and unless it gets it soon will be badly damaged. Cane is growing splendidly.—*Franklin (Ta.) Banner, 6th.*

The Jacksonport (Ark.) *Herald* says that the young cotton in the neighborhood of that place is in a splendid condition, and that some of the farmers, on account of the high prices, have planted more cotton and less corn than they first intended. The Arkansas papers generally speak of the fine crops in the State, and of the immense numbers of the locusts that are at present singing for them.

The farmers of Maury county commenced cutting their wheat last week. The quality is very superior, and the yield good.

The Sumter (South Carolina) *Republican* of the 5th has the following: We have seen a stalk of cotton two feet high, containing quite a number of squares on it. This is the first we have seen this season. It was grown on the plantation of Messrs. Cobb & Allen, of this place. These gentlemen inform us that the stalk exhibited is a fair sample of their entire crop.

We believe it is now a pretty well settled fact that the crop of wheat shortly to be gathered will exhibit a fair average per acre. It is also certain that the breadth of land sown is much in excess of any former year—a fact due in part to the reliability of the labor, which, it is found, can be used to the best advantage on crops requiring the least continued cultivation. We rejoice at the prospect of getting bread at reasonable rates, as our farmers can now afford, out of their abundance, to offer their wheat at moderate figures, and yet reap ample returns on their labor.—*Atlanta (Ga.) Intelligencer, May 7th.*

Of Tennessee, we have:

CORN CROP.—Although this crop got rather a bad let off early in the season, it is now growing finely, and promises well. The stand is good, except in land that overflows, anp with a favorable season an abundance will be harvested. The weather for the past week has been fine for putting the crop in a good fix.—*Cleveland Banner, May 28.*

Our farmers generally report the wheat as unusually fine, but thin in some places. Corn planting is late, but the late fine weather has been used to advantage. Fruit is plentiful, though not abundant.—*Morristown Gazette.*

We are informed that the wheat crop is much more promising in our section than was at first to be hoped. The past winter was the severest on the wheat of any known for years, particularly in this State. When there is a heavy fall of snow in the winter, which covers the wheat from the freezes, we invariably have a good yield. The past winter this crop was exposed more than usual, and a great part was frozen out, as well as thrown bare to the surface by thaws. We may look for a considerable yield if everything is favorable until harvest. It may be that the severe storm which visited this section on Monday damaged it some, but we are unable to say as yet.—*Clarksville Patriot, 3d.*

The wheat crop, we are glad to say, is excellent. One gentleman informs us the heads are larger and fuller than has been seen for many years. Altogether, the crop will be better than last year, if nothing prevents.—*Lebanon Herald and Register, May 30.*

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY
FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS.

CAPITAL, - - - - $300,000

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OFFICERS.

G. F. NORRIS, ... President
J. J. MURPHY, ... Vice-President
J. R. STEBBINS, ... Secretary

DIRECTORS.

J. R. STEBBINS, J. J. PETTIGREW,
J. J. MURPHY, W. C. WALKER,
G. F. NORRIS, R. B. CANNON,
J. W. SMITH, C. C. CHEEK,
MADISON HILL, S. T. GATES,
C. C. DIX, G. C. SMITH,
S. LOWENSTEIN, THOMAS FISHER,
W. J. MOORE, J. S. MERRIN,
R. RICHARDS, W. W. SCHOOLFIELD,
T. F. MAXWELL, THOMAS H. SMITH,
M. C. GALLAWAY, A. GERSKE. jel

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE
Insurance Company.

HOME OFFICE No. 513 Olive Street,
ST. LOUIS.

D. A. JANUARY, President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice President.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James H. Lucas, Samuel Wells, Theodore Laveille, Charles D. Drake, R. Rod. Y. Woods, John Hale, Geo. R. Robinson, Robert S. Cate, John F. Thornton, David K. Ferguson, Hon. John Hogan, Henry Overstolz, Nicholas Schneider, Wm. C. Jamison, R. P. Blankman, L. H. Baker, D. A. January, Wm. J. Lewis, F. Rozier, Jr., Jacob Tamm.

Assets, Jan'y 1, 1868, over $2,500,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Accustomed Persons, or to RESIDENCE or TRAVEL.

MEMPHIS BOARD OF REFERENCE.

Wormeley, Orr & Co., Aydlett, Robinson & Co., S. M. Wood & Co., Tool, Phillips & Co., Lacey & Meriam, N. Deronnette, E. Franklin, Jacob Alexander, Clapp, Tabor & Anderson, Gen. W. H. Sumner, Gen. Jas. Chalmers, Com. Joseph E. Mont gomery, Judge J. P. Carruthers, Rev. S. H. Ford, D.D., Rev. J. M. Steven, Rev. Phineas T. Scruggs, Galloway, Hampton & Co., Detroit Insurance Company.

AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, Kirk Williams' Block.

Gen'l Agents for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.

H. McMAHON
U-JUOTIN Jan15

Mississippi Valley Branch
OF THE
KNICKERBOCKER
Mutual Life Insurance Company
At Memphis, Tenn.,

Office No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $4,000,000

Policies Issued at the Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton, Ford & Co.;
H. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
B. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. B. J. Semmes & Co.;
CHARLES G. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MHOON, of Messrs. Mhoon & Co.;
JAS. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
H. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL, M.D.
FRANK RICE, M.D.

MANAGERS:

S. R. CLARKE & CO.

JOHN F. WILKERSON General Agent West Tennessee and North Mississippi. jly

DE SOTO
Insurance and Trust Company
O MEMPHIS,
Office in Company's Building,
No. 42 Madison Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $300,000

Board of Directors:

WM. M. FARRINGTON, C. B. CHURCH,
T. B. GALBREATH, J. J. RAWLINGS,
JOHN JOHNSON, C. W. GOYER,
W. B. GREENLAW.

WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
C. C. CONSTABLE, Secretary.

This Company Insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River risks.

UNDERTAKERS.

OWEN SMITH,
UNDERTAKER,

DEALER IN METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,
And Manufacturer of
WOODEN AND ROSEWOOD COFFINS
Of all Kinds.
No. 366 Northeast Corner Gayoso and Second Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
All orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

JAMES PLANKETT. JOHN WALSH

PLANKETT & WALSH,

UNDERTAKERS!
No. 317 Second Street, Memphis,
Between Monroe and Union. my28

MISCELLANEOUS.

M. PERDUE,
Modes de Paris, 273 1-2 Main Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,
KEEPS an exquisite assortment of
Real Laces, Embroideries,
Corsets, White Goods,
Dress Trimmings, etc.
—ALSO—
French Flowers, Ribbons,
Frosted Crepes and Tarlies,
Colored Blondes, Straw Goods,
In endless variety, including the new MANDARIN and HAROLD BONNETS.
The SHOW ROOM is daily replenished with the most
NOVEL STYLES OF BONNETS & HATS
To be found in the city. apr19

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
HAVING ESTABLISHED
OUR OMNIBUS LINE
and determined to work at the
Same Rates of Fare Charged Before the War,
And having the experience of fifteen years in this business in Memphis, we respectfully solicit of our old friends and the public a share of their patronage.
We have the exclusive privilege of checking Baggage in connection with the MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD. Passengers may be assured of the promptness and regularity of our Omnibus.
Orders may be left at our office, No. 19 SOUTH FIVE CENTS.
Private orders can be left at the Ticket Office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 337 Main street, and at the office of KECK & BRO., 299 second street.
apr28 PATTERSON, KECK & CO.

Notice.
FROM and after this day I have no connection whatever with the firm of KETLAND, FOLLARD & CO.
MEMPHIS, May 29, 1868. W. J. FOLLARD. 1w

PRINTING AND BINDING.

DALTON & PRICE,
BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS
AND
Book Binders,
No. 9 Jefferson Street, Under Commercial Hotel
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

EXECUTE in the best manner and on the most FAIR TERMS all kinds of PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING, such as

Bill Heads,
Bills Lading,
Account Sales,
Dray Receipts,
Drey Tickets,
Wedding Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Business Cards,
Play Cards,
Ball Tickets,
Blanks of all kinds,
Circulars,
Receipt Books,
Check Books,
Drafts,
And every description of

Railroad and Steamboat Printing.

BLANK BOOKS of every description made to order. Particular attention given to RULING of all kinds, such as
Music, Magazines,
Ladies' Books, Periodicals,
Standard Works, Etc., Etc
No. 9 Jefferson Street.

LIQUORS, ETC.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
281 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

DAN ABLE & CO.,
Successors of
Hatch & Able and Hatch, Maurice & Co.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Liquors,
ALCOHOL,
Front Spirits and High Wines,
No. 218 Wainut Street.

A CARD.
To my Friends & Public Generally.

MY Stock having been released, I am now prepared to fill all orders in my line.

D. H. EVANS,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Wines, Liquors & Cigars
394 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

CONFECTIONERS.

CONFECTIONERY STORE.
B. ROCCO'S,
Corner of Main and Adams Streets,
FOR CREAM SALOON is now open. Ladies' Saloon, up-stairs. The best of attention paid to customers. ICE CREAM AND STRAWBERRIES, SODA WATER, CAKES, CONFECTIONS, CANDIES, etc., always on hand.
my1

The Beautiful Ice Cream Saloon
At JOS. SPECHT'S, 37 Madison St.,
IS OPEN.
THE Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited. ICE CREAM, CAKES, CANDIES, JUICES, etc.; SODA WATER, with pure fresh syrup. All of the freshest and best qualities.
apr28 JOS. SPECHT.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

TERRY & MITCHELL,
EXCLUSIVE
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,
329 Main Street, Memphis.

WE are constantly receiving ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK and will sell at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
mh28

FASHIONABLE
Boot and Shoemakers,
LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.
THIS well known firm is now located at No. 4 second door from Court House, on Main street, opposite the Gayoso House.

R. G. CRAIG & CO., SEEDSMEN,
379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.
JUST RECEIVED,
Hungarian Grass Seed,
Seed Buckwheat,
AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Grain Cradles and Grain Scythes,
AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Goudeel's Harrows and Knox Horse Hoe,
AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE.
Lime, Plaster and Cement,
Superphosphate and Land Plaster,
AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE
apr19 379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

BOOKS.
Law Books,
School Books,
Novels,
And a Fine Stock of Stationery at
C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,
No. 317 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.
no13

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!
BOHLEN, HUSE & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Ice,
206 1-2 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

WE would remind dealers in Ice, in the railroad and river towns, that the season for the heat (ninety in the shade) is upon us. While we are shipping, we can sell it by car load or in large quantities cheaper than after it is put in store, and the wastage in transit is much less.
Packing orders promptly filled, when money is sent with them, or when ordered through a city merchant.
BOHLEN, HUSE & CO.

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH.

THE NATIONAL
TELEGRAPH COMPANY

On Monday, 29th day of June,

A NEW enterprise, to be known as the National Telegraph Company, has been organized with valuable franchises conferred by a recent act of Congress for the purpose of establishing Trunk Lines of Telegraphs on all the principal railroads and mail routes in the United States. The stock is to be issued upon the same principle as that of the Merchant's Union Express Company, which recently commenced operations. The object is to interest the entire business community in the enterprise. This is done, not so much for purposes of the stock as to secure the business of the company which the lines pass.

THE CAPITAL IS TO BE
$10,000,000
In 100,000 shares of the par value of
$100 PER SHARE
But the actual amount to be paid in cash is
$35 PER SHARE
and this amount is to be paid as follows: One per cent. of the par at the time of subscribing, and no more until the entire capital has been subscribed, and then on calls to be made by the Board of Directors, instalments not to exceed ten per cent. per month. When thirty-five per cent of the par value of the shares has been paid, certificates of stock will be issued. This will give the Company a paid up
CASH CAPITAL OF $3,500,000
Which will be sufficient to duplicate lines in all or nearly all the paying points reached by the present monopoly.

The present Telegraph Companies throughout the country have been consolidated into one huge monopoly, and are now earning over SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS per year, or over one hundred per cent. on the actual cost of facilities their present capital having been watered over ONE THOUSAND per cent.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY have a recognition from the United States Government of the importance of their enterprise, with a grant of the most valuable franchises ever conferred upon any telegraph company. No competing line has ever had the right now granted by Congress to this company to construct and operate lines on the RAILROAD and MAIL ROUTES in the United States. The position of this Company is very different from that of any company before organized. The question of the RIGHT OF WAY IS FOREVER SETTLED.

The Stockholders of this Company cannot be sold out or TRANSFERRED to any other Company. The act of Congress under which this Company has been organized prohibits any transfer of the franchises granted.

CALLS---HOW TO BE MADE

One per cent of the Stock will be required on subscribing, and no more until the entire Stock is subscribed, when calls will be made from time to time, as may be necessary, to any sum not exceeding five per cent. per month, but no calls will be made after the one per cent. is paid, until the entire Capital Stock shall have been subscribed

ACTUAL CAPITAL REQUIRED

The Company confidently believe that thirty-five per cent of the Capital Stock will construct and fully equip

25,000 Miles of Wire

Which will connect all the commercial centers and important places in the United States. This opinion rests upon the most reliable estimates and responsible offers to construct and equip the lines.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY is organized under the laws of the state of New York, and franchises conferred by an act of Congress, approved July 24, 1866.

President—GEORGE B. SENTER, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Vice President—ROBERT SQUIRES, of New York City.

Secretary—GEORGE B. WALLER, of New York City.

COMPANY'S OFFICE,
Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway, New York

A limited amount of the capital stock of the Company is offered to this locality, and those having an opportunity, and subscribing, will be placed upon equal terms with its organizers, and will secure like interests in all franchises which may be accrued, or may hereafter accrue to the Company from any and all sources.

Stock may now be subscribed in this Company at the Office of THE MERCANTILE AGENCY OF R. G. DUN & CO., Room No. 5, Commercial Bank Building, corner Main and Madison streets, Memphis, Tenn.

S. R. WRIGHT,
my28 General Agent for Memphis and Vicinity.

The Mineral Springs
—AT—
RALEIGH, TENNESSEE
FOR SALE!

THE CELEBRATED RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the Counties of Raleigh, late County Seat of Shelby county, Tennessee, nine miles northeast of Memphis, and two miles from Wills' station, on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad. These springs are six in number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are valled every summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which winds around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated, and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this healthe-inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Colonel J. M. COLEMAN, can produce hundreds of certificates of cures in cases which had been entirely given over by medical skill. The ground surrounding the Springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of pure air, and is as remarkable for its healthfulness as beauty of location. The Springs are in fine order, never failing, and are designated as follows:

MARBLE SPRING,
BOX SPRING,
MAGNOLIA SPRING,
ARSENIC SPRING,
SULPHUR SPRING,
FREESTONE SPRING.

The place has ever been resided by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as by invalids, owing to many of society and various attractions as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Rustic Chairs, Reading Room, Game Bowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing.

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason then why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratoga, Ballston or Lebanon, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

The elegant country mansion house and lot, residence of Colonel J. M. COLEMAN, is within a few yards of the Springs. The house is in first class order, contains ten rooms, and is beautifully embowered in shrubbery. The lot is well fenced and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outbouses, cisterns, etc. It is midway between the Springs and Spring Valley, on the main promenade.

For terms address,
ANDREW J. KELLAR,
apr7 Avalanche Building, Memphis, Tenn.

LEGAL.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a trust deed to me executed by John J. Terry & Co., on the 1st day of April, 1867, which deed is of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in record book No. 8, part 2, pages 61, 62 and 63, to secure the payment of a certain note therein set forth and described, and which said note being still due and unpaid, I, pursuant to the power in me vested by said deed, will, on

Monday, 29th day of June,

Proceed to sell, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m., at public auction, on the premises, to the highest and best bidder for cash, the following described tract of land and lot, lying and being in Shelby county and State of Tennessee, to-wit: lot 10, on the south west corner of Shelby and Alabama streets, and known as the story framed building, 60 by 60 feet. Number of lot same as in county map.

Terms cash. Title believed to be good, but I convey only as trustee. The equity of redemption waived.

JOHN SOMERVELL,
Trustee.
may29

No. 2278—S. B. P.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.—Mansfield Brown and Creditor's Notice—Ashe, Malone, Administrators, de bonis non, of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, vs. John H. Holt and wife et al.

IN the case of the administrators of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, it has been suggested, the creditors interested in said estate, to this suit, whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, on the first Monday in June, the first Monday in September and the first Monday in December next, and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By W. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
HALLUM, CHALMERS & TYLER, Solicitors for Complainant.
may29

Notice to Creditors.

No. 2281—Chancery Court of Memphis—John C. Lanier vs the Gayoso Savings Institution et al.

IT is ordered by the Court in this cause, that the creditors of the Gayoso Savings Institution do immediately come in and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper proof of the same, that they may receive their pro rata share of the assets of said Bank for distribution among the creditors; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Appeal, Avalanche and Post, until the further order of this Court.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
A copy—Attest.
By REUT. COLMAN, Deputy C. & M.
may29

Creditor's Notice.

No. 2281—W. B.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis—W. N. Wilkerson et al. vs. the Exchange Insurance Banking Company et al.

IN the cause upon motion and in conformity to the prayer of the bill, it is ordered by the Court that all persons claiming to be creditors, or having any character of demands against the "Franklin Insurance and Banking Company" come into the Court and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master at the office of the latter, that they may severally recover their ratable share of the assets of said Company, to be distributed when necessary and ready, of this order be published in the Memphis Daily Appeal and Avalanche for three (3) months from this date.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
MYERS, JACKSON, McDANIEL and K. BURKE PICKETT, Sols.
may11

MEDICAL.

TO THE PUBLIC!

The Greatest Discovery Known to the World in Medicine.

The Eureka Life-Blood Elixir

HAS at last made its way into this country, after having been in use in the old world for so many years, especially in China. The celebrated alchemist and chemist, Dr. Lopez Garcia, after a residence in China, has at last consented to his great discovery, the EUREKA LIFE-BLOOD REMEDY being introduced on this continent, and Chinatown has established a few wholesale depots in the principal cities, supplying all druggists throughout the towns and cities of our country. This great Blood Medicine has performed cures (almost astounding) where every other remedy known in Materia Medica has most signally failed.

IT IS NO HUMBUG OR QUACK NOSTRUM

But is a preparation which has been brought out after many long years of the deepest research, aided by the greatest chemical science and skill that could be brought to bear in its production. We therefore place it where it

UPON ITS OWN MERITS!

AFFLICTED OR AFFLICTING

TRY IT ONCE.

To be fully convinced, as in a single dose will convince the first dose taken, entering at once into the blood and penetrating every pore of the whole body, driving out every impurity from the worst ulcers, sores or scrofula to the meanest pimple, leaving the blood PURE LIFE BLOOD! hence its name.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DR. JAMES,

FORMERLY of James' Lock Hospital, Custom House street, New Orleans, established in 1854, and for the last seven years located in Chicago, and on account of the great increase of business, has been compelled to secure more commodious quarters for the accommodation of his PRIVATE DISEASES, and can be confidentially consulted at Rooms 7 and 8, No. 42 Randolph street, over the Post Office, entrance by Post Office drawer No. 1.

DR. JAMES' ANTI-SYPHILITIC, MERCURIAL SYPHILITIC BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and all diseases of a BLOOD, SKIN or VENEREAL NATURE, such as SYPHILIS, or secondary symptoms, blotches on the skin, nodes, ulcers of the throat, mouth, tongue, palate, tonsils, uvula, glands of the neck, swellings, pains in the head and bones, ulcerated throat, nose, eyes, scurvy, tetter, scaly eruptions, and all diseases attended with an endless number of sufferings excruciating and permanently cured.

DR. JAMES is recommended by the press of the country, by Professors of Medical Colleges and by the Medical Profession generally. Those afflicted should apply to him and be cured at once.

LEE HAMILTON, by Dr. James, 8 doses, each disease peculiar to the sexual organs of either sex, cause no exposure, no change in diet, no interference with business, complete and permanent cure in the shortest treatment of these diseases ever known. Secrecy, honor, and honesty. Pamphlets, free by mail, explaining treatment of SYPHILIS, or one or both sexes, sent to any address in envelopes, free of charge. Address Drs. JAMES & JAMES, Chicago, Illinois.

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS!

EUREKA LIFE-BLOOD ELIXIR

A New Era in Medicine on this Continent
BY THE USE OF THE AB-YA
GREAT CHINESE REMEDY.

DRUGGISTS throughout the South and West can be supplied through the agency agents made by Dr. S. W. Hasserdine, of Pekin, China, with J. E. WASSON & CO., of Memphis, Tennessee, in which city Dr. Hasserdine, the Eastern Emporium of Memphis, Tennessee, in which all orders must be addressed.

PITTSBURG
C
O 233 1-2 A
L.

I HAVE removed my office to 233 1-2 Main street, next door to the Clay Building, where I am prepared to fill with No. 1 PITTSBURG COAL, all orders with which I may be favored.
M. B. PACKER, Coal Dealer.

HUMAN HAIR GOODS
AND
LADIES' HAIR DRESSING.

I HAVE brought from Paris a large and well selected stock of HUMAN HAIR GOODS, the finest ever brought to this market, and ask the Ladies to call and see for themselves the artistic styles and elegance of the human hair.

At 289 1-2 Main Street, Up-stairs, Opp. Court Square.

N.B.—WIGS, ORIGINOES, etc. HAIR CUTTING in any style done by the Professor. HAVING
my28

ELLIS
ENGRAVER
AND
STENCIL CUTTER
P. 350
MAIN ST. MEMPHIS, TENN.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE!

THE ONLY GRAND CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR and GOLD MEDAL ever awarded to any American Sewing Machine at the PARIS EXPOSITION, 1867, was awarded to the HOWE MACHINE. Only Medal awarded to Sewing Machines at the LOUISIANA STATE FAIR, 1868. The HOWE MACHINE is given to each purchaser of a Howe Machine. The Charts enable every Lady to cut and fit her own dresses. For descriptive circulars and terms of sale, address

J. C. FRANCISCO,
Gen'l Agent for Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas.
my28 379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

DR. J. E. PORTER,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,
KENNY & PORTER,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2 Exchange Block, corner of Jefferson and Front passage in Memphis and intend doing strictly a Real Estate business, together with Surveying, Civil and Engineering, in its various branches. Persons wishing to purchase Real Estate will find it to their interest to call on us, as we have a large list of property for sale, and will spare no pains to effect sales for our customers. Our Surveying department of our business will receive prompt attention, and we are prepared to do all kinds of work in this line, on reasonable terms. In the absence of the Engineer, Mr. PORTER, orders may be left with Mr. KENNY, at the office of the Memphis Water Company, or at the residence of the latter, on Jefferson street, between Main and Second.
my28

CHEAP SADDLERY HOUSE

Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Whips, Collars, Leather, and Saddlery Hardware.

C. M. CARR, 275 & 277.
No. 177 Main Street, Sign of the Golden Stirrup.
WOODRUFF BLOCK. apr22

JOB PRINTING.

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!
AND
BOOK BINDERY
AVALANCHE BUILDING
22 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE
ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK
IN THE NEATEST MANNER, AND
AT LOW RATES

DISPATCH, NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS

BILLS LADING,
STEAMBOAT BILLS,
SHIPPING TAGS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
DRAY RECEIPTS.

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!
22 JEFFERSON STREET.

Business Cards,
Show Cards,
Circulars,
Visiting Cards,
Wedding Cards,
Ball Tickets,
Bank Checks,
Drug Labels,
Receipts.

STEAMBOAT PRINTING

RAILROAD PRINTING

MERCANTILE PRINTING

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND

MADE TO ORDER.

Avalanche Book Bindery!

DAY BOOKS,
CASH BOOKS,
LEDGERS,
RECORDS,
TAX BOOKS,
RECEIPT BOOKS
Books for Clerks of Courts.

County Court Blank Books.
Chancery Court Blank Books.
Criminal Court Blank Books.
Circuit Court Blank Books.
Probate Court Blank Books.

AVALANCHE BOOK BINDERY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. J. M. KELLER,
OFFICE, JEFFERSON STREET, In Avalanche Editor's
Residence at General Hospital.

A. FENTON TUCKER. J. P. PRYOR
TUCKER & PRYOR,
Attorneys at Law,
LaGrange, Tennessee,
Prompt attention given to the Collection of Claims.
apr18

Col DUNCAN KENDRAN. SAM. P. WALKER, JR.
McRAE & WALKER,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
BETHEL BLOCK,
Corner Main and Court Streets, (up stairs.)
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

WM. L. DUFF,
Attorney at Law,
308 Main Street, Up Stairs, Memphis, Tenn.
jly3

P. T. & E. R. SCRUGGS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Memphis, Tenn. Office, No. 32 Union street, in front of the new Court House.
jan

WM. L. HARRIS HENRY T. ELLETT JAS. PHELAN
HARRIS, ELLETT & PHELAN,
Attorneys at Law,
MEMPHIS TENNESSEE.
Office—Monroe Street, between Main and Second

J. W. HAMPTON, THOMAS C. CHAMBERS,
Formerly of Washington, D. C. of Miss. apr1
HAMPTON & CHAMBERS,
Attorneys at Law,
OFFICE WITH FINLEY & KELLEY,
No. 42 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

WILL practice in the Courts of West Tennessee, and also in the Circuit Court of the United States, Judicial District of Mississippi, composed of the counties of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington, Issaquena and Warren. jly28

EDWARD C. JONES,
ARCHITECT,
Walker Block, 279 1-2 Main Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

BANKS.

S. H. TOBEY, Pres't. E. C. KIRK, Cashier.
MEMPHIS CITY
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
CORNER OF
Jefferson and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
TRANSACTS
A General Banking Business,
RECEIVE Deposits and deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, U. S. Government Securities and Uncurrent Money.
Collections PROMPTLY Attended to.
apr18

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
No. 8 Jefferson Street.

Paid in Capital - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - $1,000,000

W. H. CHERRY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, Cashier

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHEELER, PICKENS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Kegs and Well Buckets,
WILL SUPPLY THE TRADE WITH A
SUPERIOR QUALITY AT LOW RATES.
DEALERS IN
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
Children's Carriages, Bird Cages, etc.,
apr25 330 MAIN STREET.

$35,000 Worth of Drugs
AT COST!
AT NO. 313 MAIN STREET.
WHOLESALE DRUG EMPORIUM.

WE will continue to sell our entire stock of Drugs, Medicines, Dyes, Paints, Oils, Liquors, Perfumery, Soaps, Fancy Toilet Articles, Cutlery, etc., etc., now on hand at the WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUG EMPORIUM, AT COST, until the whole is closed out, which will be in a few days. We are WHOLESALE AND JOBBING HOUSE EXCLUSIVELY. We have a large stock of Goods to offer to the trade, who wish to buy everything usually kept in a wholesale and retail drug store, at greatly reduced prices.

N. B. These rates will be adhered for a short time only, as our present stock was bought at low cash prices, and we do not expect to duplicate them at lower figures, only in unbroken packages.

We especially solicit orders of Town and Country druggists, both for the present and future, knowing we can make it to their interest to deal with us.

Address all orders to J. B. WASSON & CO.,
apr12 No. 313 Main Street

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS.
PROPRIETORS,
W. A. HURD, W. F. CORBERY,
New Orleans. Lately and during the War proprietors of the "Spotswood Hotel," Richmond, Va., and formerly of the Bolivar Mansion, corner of Main and Market streets, Memphis, Tenn.
Have been favored in Europe lowest per day.
Telegraph and Railroad Ticket Offices in Hotel Rotunda.

MISS N. ENGLISH,
MILLINER
230 Main Street, Up-stairs.
Keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of MILLINERY GOODS, to which she invites attention. Her stock is unusually full, and prices to suit the times. Orders promptly filled, and all work warranted.
FANCY AND MOURNING BONNETS
FIVE DOLLARS EACH.
Give her a call.

ALLISON BROTHERS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
No. 276 Front Street, Memphis.

E. H. FLYNN, RETAIL GROCER,
No. 56 Beale Street.
Has for sale FRESH COUNTRY BUTTER, SLICED HAM and CHIP BEEF of the best quality. apr21

Valuable City Property for Sale
FOR CITY SCRIP.
TITLE good and lot valuable. Thirty-five feet by two hundred. Address
apr5 A. B., AVALANCHE OFFICE.